

# Clark County, Nevada Department of Juvenile Justice Services

# STATISTICAL REPORT Calendar Year 2014

APPLICATIONS, RESEARCH, AND TECHNOLOGY UNIT FAMILYTRACS

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# I. Introduction

The issues surrounding juvenile delinquency are complex and multifaceted. In particular, these issues may involve: education, family structure, mental health, social economics, and support systems. As a means to bring about a more positive impact towards reducing juvenile delinquency, each of these areas should continue to be addressed through programs, policies, and community organizations. Based on this premise, the Department of Juvenile Justice Services (DJJS) actively seeks collaborative partnerships with various government entities, community organizations, and the general public.

By increasing the involvement of stakeholders in the juvenile justice system of care, the objective is to develop and implement solutions that address the root causes of juvenile delinquency. By addressing the source of the issue, the intended byproduct is preventing the offense from occurring in the first place. In time, these proactive measures would thereby reduce the number of youth referrals to the DJJS.

In order to successfully identify the source of the issues, information sharing is critical. To effectively create solutions, stakeholders must make evidence-based decisions. With the juvenile justice information system (FamilyTRACs), the DJJS commits to providing its stakeholders with the relevant statistics necessary to make informed policy or program decisions. The following annual statistical report is one example of the department's commitment to sharing information.

The annual statistical report begins by providing background information on DJJS. Then the report illustrates how a case works its way through the department. Next, the report provides statistics related to the State of Nevada and Clark County. Finally, the remaining sections are devoted to a collection of reports that have been generated through the FamilyTRACS database.

The reports from the database were selected as a means to provide an overview to the juvenile justice system. The objective of this overview is to provide stakeholders with access to valuable information relating to the dynamics of juvenile delinquency in Clark County. Additionally, the summary may be useful in planning for additional services and improved processes throughout the system of care for our community's juvenile population. The reports are by no means all-inclusive. The report will continue to evolve, as there is a progressive demand for more information.

# **II.** Department Information

The DJJS is a unique and complex public service agency that performs more than the traditional Juvenile Court functions of Probation and Detention. In particular, DJJS provides intervention services, guidance and control for youth referred to the department for acts of delinquency.

To accomplish its mission, the department consists of the following divisions: Administration, Detention, Probation, Clinical Services, and the Spring Mountain Youth Camp (SMYC).

The Administration Division is responsible for managing the daily business operations of the department. Daily operations would include Human Resources, Records, Financial Services, and responding to public inquiries. Along with daily operations, this division is responsible for the Payment Center, which receives payments for court ordered fines, fees, restitution and custodial reimbursements. Also, under Administration is the Applications Technology & Research Unit, tasks to the development and support of the information technology needs of the department. The ART unit also maintains and generates data for statistical, performance, and management reporting.

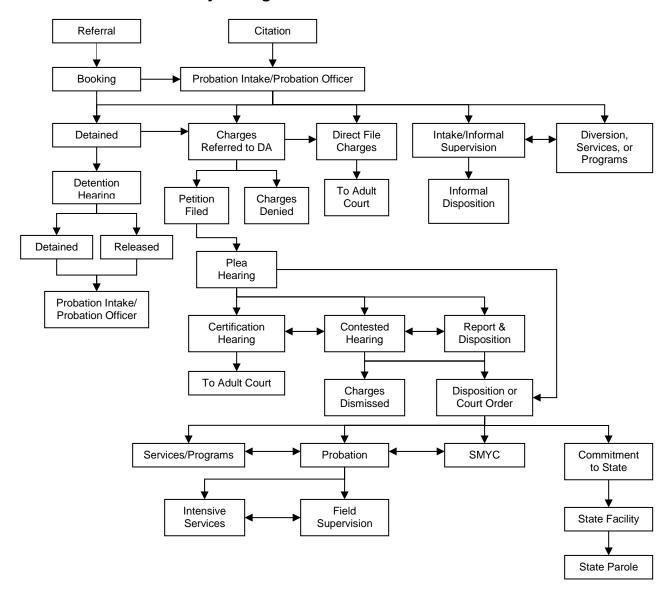
The Detention Center is a 192-bed facility located at the DJJS campus. The facility temporarily houses male and female youth with pending court hearings or correctional placements. In order to bridge the system of care, this facility provides medical and mental health services.

The Probation Division provides intake and diversionary services to youth referred to the department for acts of delinquency. For adjudicated youth, the division provides supervision and treatment services. Services are provided on the DJJS campus, within the five neighborhood community centers, or within the community itself.

The Clinical Services Division provides a full spectrum of assessment and treatment services to the youth involved with the DJJS and their families. These evaluation, counseling and other treatment services are offered in the institutions, in home and through office visits.

The SMYC is a staff-secure 100-bed correctional facility, which houses male youth between the ages of twelve and eighteen who have been adjudicated for serious or repeat delinquent acts by the Juvenile Court Judge. SMYC is located at Angels Peak in the Mt. Charleston Recreational/Toiyabe National Forest Area.

#### A. How a case works its way through the DJJS



# III. State of Nevada and Clark County Statistics

- The entire state of Nevada covers an area of 110,567 square miles
- Clark County covers an area of 8,012 square miles (about 7% of the entire state)
- 2014 Population Statistics:
  - The population of the entire state is estimated at 2,809,972
  - The population of Clark County is estimated at 2,040,376 (about 73% of the entire state)
  - The youth population (ages 8-17) of Clark County is estimated at 276,312
  - The Clark County School District (CCSD) had an enrollment of 318,040 students

Sources: Nevada State Demographer, Clark County School District, 2014 estimate

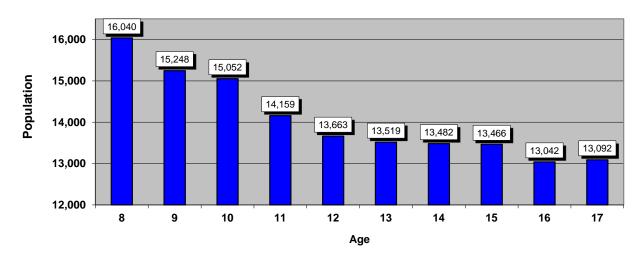
# **IV. Youth Profiles**

The "Youth Profiles" segment provides demographic and background information on the clients we serve at the DJJS. This segment is divided into two sections. The first section details the demographic information of the Clark County youth population in 2014. This information has been collected from Nevada's State Demographer's Office and the Clark County School District (CCSD). The charts in this section address the demographic areas of age, gender, and ethnicity/race. The second section details demographic information that is specific to the referred youth population to the DJJS. This section's information has been retrieved from the DJJS database.

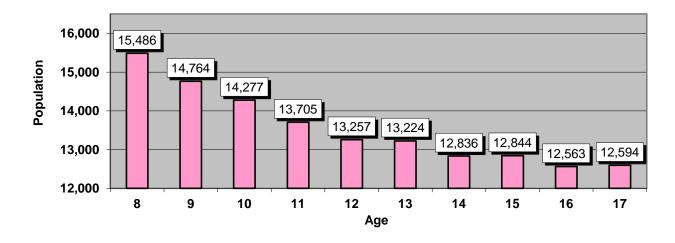
Note: All percentages in this report are rounded to the nearest whole number.

#### A. Demographic Information

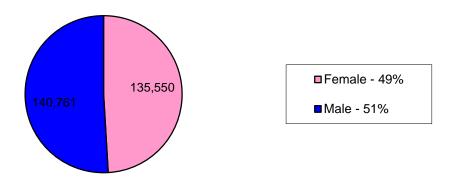
### 1. Youth Male Population by Age Group (2014 Total – 140,761)



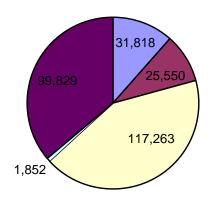
#### 2. Youth Female Population by Age Group (2014 Total – 135,550)



# 3. Youth Population by Gender (2014 Total – 276,312)

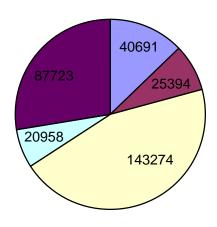


### 4. Youth Population by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Total – 276,312)



■ African American/Black- 12%
■ Asian/Pacific Islander- 9%
■ Hispanic- 42%
■ Other- 1%
■ White- 36%

### 5. CCSD Population by Ethnicity/Race- All Grade Levels (2014 Total – 318,040)

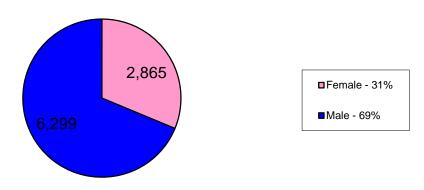


■African American/Black- 13%
■Asian/Pacific Islander- 8%
■Hispanic- 45%
■Other- 7%
■White- 28%

#### B. Background Information on Referred Youth Population

This section provides a basic overview of some characteristics of the referred youth population. For 2014, the total number of referrals to the DJJS was 14,082. The distinct referred youth population was 9,164.

### 1. Gender of Referred Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 9,164)

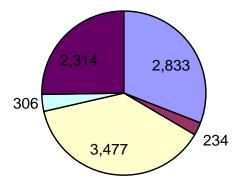


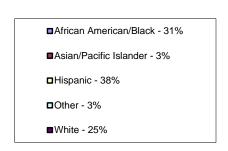
#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

<b>Female</b>
Male
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
5,164	4,513	3,613	3,171	2,865	-45%
10,088	9,194	7,686	6,773	6,299	-38%
15,252	13,707	11,299	9,944	9,164	-40%

# 2. Ethnicity/Race of Referred Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 9,164)

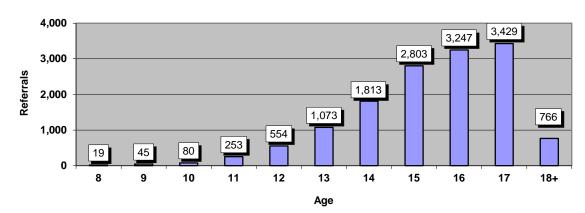




## a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
k	3,644	3,415	3,072	2,986	2,833	-22%
	494	435	339	285	234	-53%
	6,238	5,639	4,578	3,837	3,477	-44%
	447	387	338	289	306	-32%
	4,429	3,831	2,972	2,547	2,314	-48%
	15,252	13,707	11,299	9,944	9,164	-40%



#### 3. Age of Referred Youth by Referral Date (2014 Referrals- 14,082)

As the age of the youth may change with multiple referral dates, each referral is counted.

#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
8	14	17	14	19	19	36%
9	50	40	40	23	45	-10%
10	90	87	77	99	80	-11%
11	306	251	252	227	253	-17%
12	875	795	650	686	554	-37%
13	1777	1599	1371	1147	1073	-40%
14	3116	2715	2399	2226	1813	-42%
15	4528	4186	3637	3124	2803	-38%
16	6089	5306	4189	3623	3247	-47%
17	6393	5468	4442	3662	3429	-46%
18+	681	635	639	601	766	12%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,437	14,082	-41%

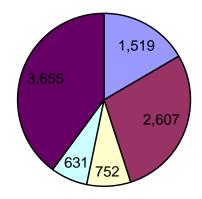
#### 4. Household Composition of Referred Youth by Ethnicity/Race

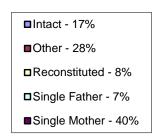
The following charts illustrate the household composition of the referred youth population. The first chart is a summary for all ethnicity/race groups and the subsequent charts provide more detail on each individual ethnicity/race.

The following categories are listed:

- Intact- represents youth residing with two biological parents
- Reconstituted- represents youth residing with one biological parent and one nonbiological parent
- Single Father- represents youth residing with biological father
- Single Mother- represents youth residing with biological mother
- Other- represents youth residing with siblings, extended family members or out-ofhome placements.

#### a) Summary Household Composition (2014 Referred Youth - 9,164)



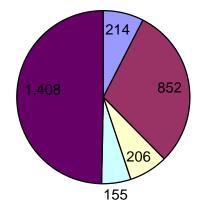


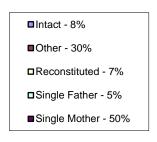
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Intact
Other
Reconstituted
Single Father
Single Mother
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
3,211	2,739	2,093	1,779	1,519	-53%
3,860	3,839	2,972	2,684	2,607	-32%
1,353	1,132	1,013	807	752	-44%
1,104	943	833	746	631	-43%
5,724	5,054	4,388	3,929	3,655	-36%
15,252	13,707	11,299	9,945	9,164	-40%

# b) Household Composition for Referred African American/Black Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 2,835)



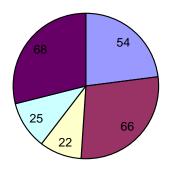


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Intoot
Intact
Other
Reconstituted
Single Father
Single Mother
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
353	322	242	241	214	-39%
1,035	1,024	904	871	852	-18%
303	240	243	231	206	-32%
186	173	174	165	155	-17%
1,767	1,656	1,509	1,478	1,408	-20%
3,644	3,415	3,072	2,986	2,835	-22%

# c) Household Composition for Referred Asian/Pacific Islander Youth (2014 Referred Youth - 235)



□Intact - 23%

□Other - 28%

□Reconstituted - 9%

□Single Father - 11%

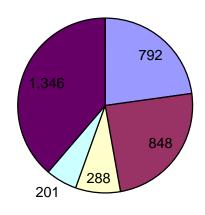
■Single Mother - 29%

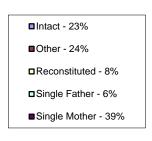
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Intact
Other
Reconstituted
Single Father
Single Mother
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
109	98	86	61	54	-50%
157	149	91	91	66	-58%
33	35	29	21	22	-33%
39	42	30	23	25	-36%
156	111	104	89	68	-56%
494	435	340	285	235	-52%

# d) Household Composition for Referred Hispanic Youth (2014 Referred Youth- 3,475)



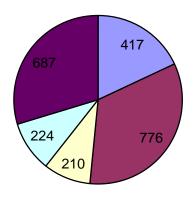


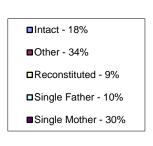
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Intact
Other
Reconstituted
Single Father
Single Mother
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,747	1,478	1,155	915	792	-55%
1,316	1,366	1,026	905	848	-36%
529	477	411	301	288	-46%
430	358	288	269	201	-53%
2,216	1,961	1,698	1,448	1,346	-39%
6,238	5,640	4,578	3,838	3,475	-44%

# e) Household Composition for Referred White Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 2,314)





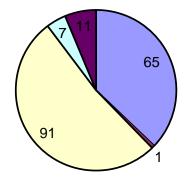
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

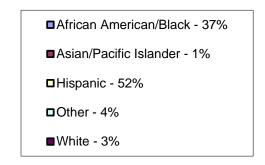
Intact
Other
Reconstituted
Single Father
Single Mother
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,070	930	782	572	521	-9%
1,218	1,227	1,220	885	758	-14%
492	441	347	279	207	-26%
469	420	335	300	261	-13%
1,451	1,418	1,153	944	803	-15%
4,700	4,436	3,837	2,980	2,550	-14%

#### 5. Recorded Youth Gang Affiliation from Referred Population (2014 Total - 175)

The following chart illustrates youth gang affiliations, as they are recorded within the DJJS database. Gang affiliations are self-reported. The statistics are retrieved based on the date of the referral. The statistics below are from 2014:





#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

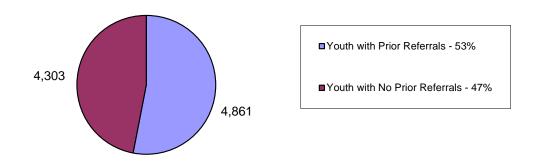
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
106	78	75	66	65	-39%
2	2	3	0	1	-50%
106	105	96	99	91	-14%
10	9	8	6	7	-30%
9	9	7	6	11	22%
233	203	189	177	175	-25%

#### 6. Youth with Prior Referrals

The following statistics illustrate whether or not a youth had a prior referral when they were referred to the DJJS in the year indicated. After providing an overview for the entire referred youth population, specific details will be provided for each ethnicity/race category. In 2014, approximately 53% of those referred to the department had a prior referral.

#### a) Summary Prior Referral Statistics (2014 Total Youth - 9,164)

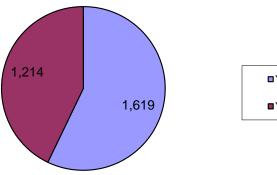


### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Referrals
Youth with No
Prior Record
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
8,245	7,268	6,087	5,265	4661	-43%
7,007	6,440	5,212	4,681	4,303	-39%
15,252	13,708	11,299	9,946	9,164	-40%

# b) Prior Referral Statistics for African American/Black Youth (2014 Referred Total – 2,833)



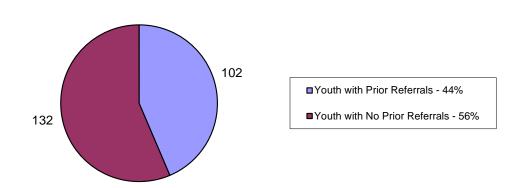
■ Youth with Prior Referrals - 57%
■ Youth with No Prior Referrals - 43%

#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prio Referrals
Youth with No Prior Record
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,221	2,003	1,817	1,710	1,619	-27%
1,427	1,418	1,271	1,299	1,214	-15%
3,648	3,421	3,088	3,009	2,833	-22%

# c) Prior Referral Statistics for Asian/Pacific Islander Youth (2014 Referred Total - 234)

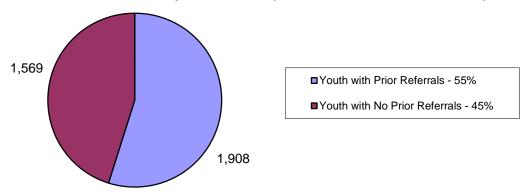


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Referrals Youth with No Prior Record Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
196	188	131	110	102	-48%
298	249	210	175	132	-56%
494	437	341	285	234	-53%

#### d) Prior Referral Statistics for Hispanic Youth (2014 Referred Total – 3,477)

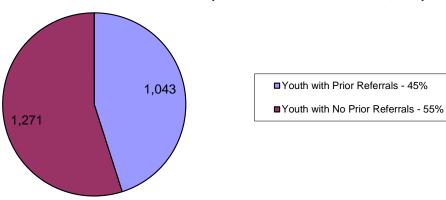


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Referrals Youth with No Prior Record Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
3,416	3,037	2,531	2,080	1,908	-44%
2,822	2,602	2,047	1,757	1,569	-44%
6,238	5,639	4,578	3,837	3,477	-44%

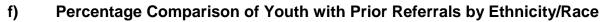
## e) Prior Referral Statistics for White Youth (2014 Referred Total – 2,314)

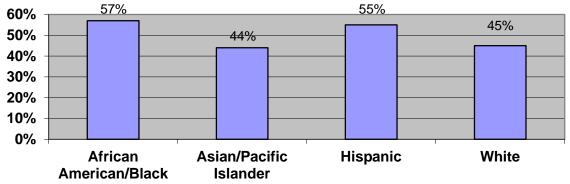


### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Referrals Youth with No Prior Record Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,189	1,817	1,405	1,212	1,043	-52%
2,240	2,014	1,567	1,335	1,271	-43%
4,429	3,831	2,972	2,547	2,314	-48%

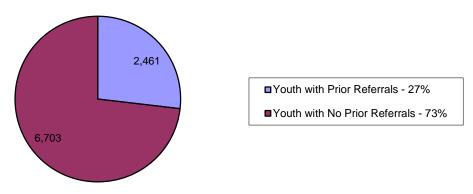




#### 7. Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals

The following statistics illustrate whether or not a youth had a prior adjudicated referral when they were referred to the DJJS in the year indicated. After providing an overview for the entire referred youth population, specific details will be provided for each ethnicity/race category. In 2014, approximately 27% of those referred to the department had a prior adjudicated referral.

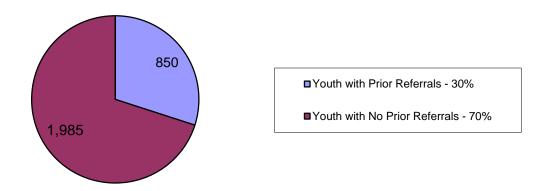
#### a) Summary Prior Adjudicated Referral Statistics (2014 Referred Youth – 9,164)



#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Youth with Prior						
Adjudicated Referrals	3,519	3,139	2,790	2,487	2,461	-30%
Youth with No Prior						
Adjudicated Referrals	11,733	10,568	8,509	7,458	6,703	-43%
Total	15,252	13,707	11,299	9,945	9,164	-40%

# a) Prior Adjudicated Referral Statistics for African American/Black Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 2,835)

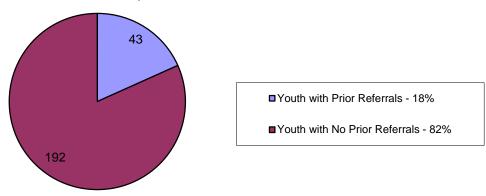


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals Youth with No Prior Adjudicated Referrals Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,098	969	921	859	850	-23%
2,546	2,446	2,151	2,127	1,985	-22%
3,644	3,415	3,072	2,986	2,835	-22%

# b) Prior Adjudicated Referral Statistics for Asian/Pacific Islander Youth (2014 Referred Youth - 235)

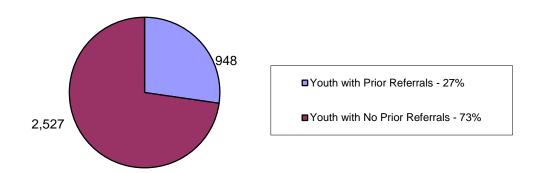


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals Youth with No Prior Adjudicated Referrals Total

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
	52	62	62	49	43	-17%
	442	373	278	236	192	-57%
	494	435	340	285	235	-52%

# c) Prior Adjudicated Referral Statistics for Hispanic Youth (2014 Referred Youth Total – 3,475)

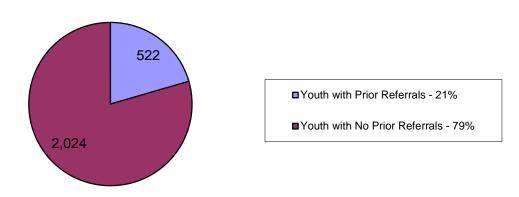


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals Youth with No Prior Adjudicated Referrals Total

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Ī						
	1,364	1,242	1,099	960	948	-30%
	4,874	4,398	3,479	2,878	2,527	-48%
	6,238	5,640	4,578	3,838	3,475	-44%

# d) Prior Adjudicated Referral Statistics for White Youth (2014 Referred Youth – 2,314)

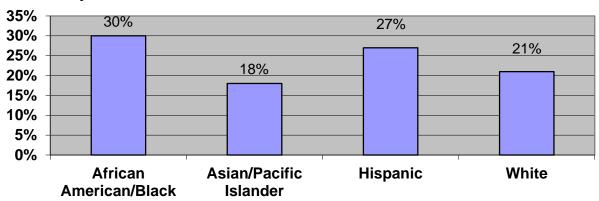


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals Youth with No Prior Adjudicated Referrals Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
876	748	596	522	498	-43%
3,553	3,082	2,374	2,024	1,816	-49%
4,429	3,830	2,970	2,546	2,314	-48%

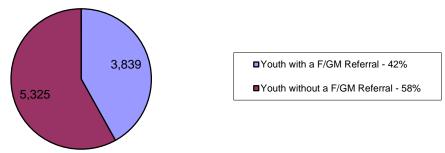
# f) Percentage Comparison of Youth with Prior Adjudicated Referrals by Ethnicity/Race



#### 8. Youth with a Felony or Gross Misdemeanor (F/GM) Referral

The following statistics illustrate whether or not a youth had a felony or gross misdemeanor referral in the year indicated. After providing an overview for the entire referred youth population, specific details will be provided for each ethnicity/race category. In 2014, approximately 42% of those referred to the department had a felony or gross misdemeanor referral.

# a) Summary of Youth Charged with a F/GM (2014 Referred Youth – 9,164)

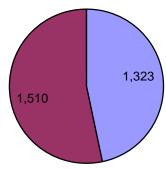


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with a F/GM Referral Youth without a F/GM Referral Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
6,627	5,872	4,918	4,253	3,839	-42%
8,625	7,835	6,381	5,691	5,325	-38%
15,252	13,707	11,299	9,944	9,164	-40%

# b) African American/Black Youth Charged with a F/GM (2014 Referred Youth – 3,009)



■Youth with a F/GM Referral - 47%

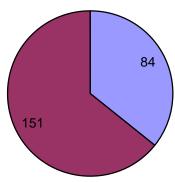
■Youth without a F/GM Referral - 53%

#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with a F/GM Referral Youth without a F/GM Referral Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,922	1,745	1,535	1,418	1,323	-31%
1,722	1,670	1,537	1,568	1,510	-12%
3,644	3,415	3,072	2,986	2,833	-22%

# c) Asian/Pacific Islander Youth Charged with a F/GM (2014 Referred Youth - 235)



■Youth with a F/GM Referral - 36%

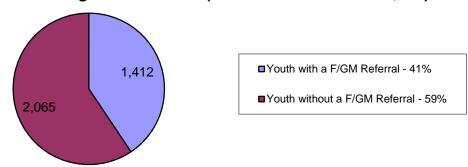
■Youth without a F/GM Referral - 64%

# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with a F/GM Referral Youth without a F/GM Referral Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
157	162	111	104	84	-46%
337	273	228	181	151	-55%
494	435	339	285	235	-52%

### d) Hispanic Youth Charged with a F/GM (2014 Referred Youth – 3,477)

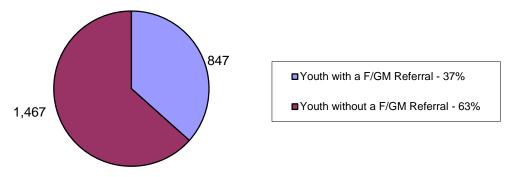


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with a F/GM Referral Youth without a F/GM Referral Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,576	2,291	1,926	1,586	1,412	-45%
3,662	3,348	2,652	2,251	2,065	-44%
6,238	5,639	4,578	3,837	3,477	-44%

#### e) White Youth Charged with a F/GM (2014 Referred Youth - 2,314)

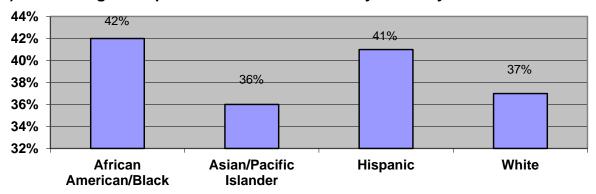


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Youth with a F/GM Referral Youth without a F/GM Referral Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,740	1,467	1,143	983	847	-51%
2,689	2,364	1,829	1,564	1,467	-45%
4,429	3,831	2,972	2,547	2,314	-48%

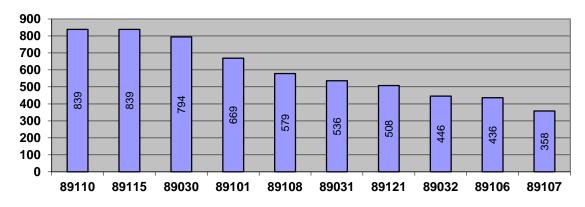
#### f) Percentage Comparison of F/GM Referrals by Ethnicity/Race



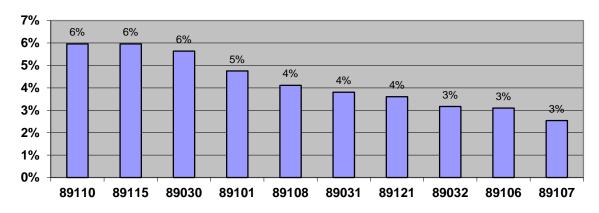
#### 9. Top Ten Zip Codes of Referred Youth Population

The following top ten zip codes account for 43% of the referrals received in 2014.

#### b) a) Referrals per Top Ten Zip Codes



#### c) b) Percentage of Overall Referrals by Top Ten Zip Codes



#### c) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
89030	1,507	1,427	1,176	887	794	-47%
89110	1,509	1,114	1,124	940	839	-44%
89115	1,220	1,178	1,137	894	839	-31%
89101	1,061	969	822	736	669	-37%
89108	1,063	1,016	807	588	579	-46%
89031	864	836	670	624	536	-38%
89121	935	723	567	503	508	-46%
89106	751	584	498	489	436	-42%
89032	661	690	547	508	446	-33%
89107	691	588	379	341	358	-48%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

#### 10. Percentage Summary of Referred Youth Population in 2014

• Gender: Male- 69%, Female- 31%

 Ethnicity/Race: African American/Black- 31%, Asian/Pacific Islander- 3%, Hispanic- 38%, White- 25%

Age: 15-17 Group- 67%

Household Composition: Single mother- 40%, Intact- 17%

Self Reported Gang Affiliation: 1.9% of Referred Youth Population

Prior Referral: 53% of Referred Youth Population

Prior Adjudicated Referral: 27% of Referred Youth Population

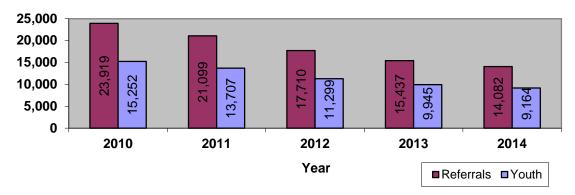
Youth with a F/GM Referral: 42% of Referred Youth Population

Top Ten Zip Codes: 43% of all Referrals

# V. Referral Statistics

A referral is an action that involves bringing a youth to the attention of the DJJS. This section outlines the total number of referrals compared to the number of involved youth, the types of referrals, sources of referrals, charge categories, most common charges, most common felony and gross misdemeanor charges, the number of prior referrals, and the number of prior adjudicated referrals.

#### A. Total Number of Referrals Compared to the Number of Involved Youth



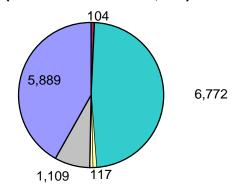
#### 1. Annual Percentage Difference

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Referrals	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,437	14,082	-41%
Youth	15,252	13,707	11,299	9,945	9,164	-40%

#### **B.** Referral Types

Referrals to the Clark County DJJS are received in a variety of ways. A majority of youth comes to the attention of the DJJS through a citation, which involves law enforcement recording the charges of the youth and directing them to appear for an appointment at the Intake division of the DJJS. This process is similar to receiving a traffic ticket. Another major referral source is when the youth being presented to the staff of the DJJS. This "youth present" category would include law enforcement bookings, where a youth is physically taken to the DJJS to be booked and evaluated for detainment. Also, this category would include field bookings, where charges are added to a youth's record without having the youth physically brought into booking. Other referrals are the result of a summons or a Writ of Attachment, which are court generated documents that require a youth to appear in court. The last type of referral falls under the ICOJ category. ICOJ stands for Interstate Compact on Juveniles, which is a formal process between states where a youth is placed under supervision in one state and supervised in another.

#### 1. Referral Types (2014 Referrals – 14,082)



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

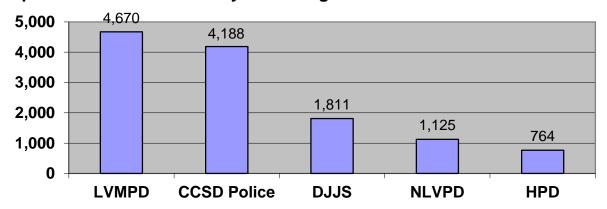
In Absentia
Citation
ICOJ
Summons
Writ
<b>Youth Present</b>
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
28	93	75	79	104	271%
13,518	11,690	9,552	8,051	6,772	-50%
122	110	100	102	117	-4%
587	601	79	99	91	-84%
979	701	837	816	1,109	13%
8,685	7,904	7,067	6,289	5,889	-32%
23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

#### C. Sources of Referrals

The following statistics illustrate the agency, law enforcement group, or entity that brought a referral to the attention of the DJJS.

#### 1. Top Five Referral Sources by Percentage of Overall Referrals



# a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

LVMPD
CCSD Police
DJJS
NLVPD
HPD
District Court
BCPD
Mesquite Police Dept.
City Marshall's Unit
Nevada Youth Parole
Other
NHP

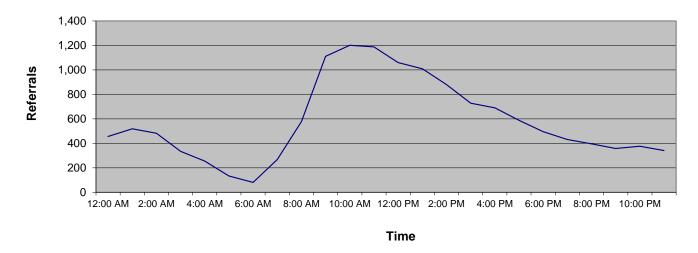
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
10,751	8,919	6,942	5,698	4,670	-57%
6,065	5,906	5,054	4,484	4,188	-31%
2,122	2,049	2,209	1,976	1,811	-15%
1,825	1,749	1,436	1,420	1,125	-38%
1,439	940	757	714	764	-47%
409	395	297	221	639	56%
201	181	159	144	139	-31%
175	183	206	139	148	-15%
170	146	132	140	130	-24%
187	172	142	157	146	-22%
143	131	109	119	143	0%
196	162	73	36	38	-81%

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Clark County Park Police	113	62	102	92	74	-35%
DCFS	24	28	33	24	34	42%
Gaming Control Board	34	22	12	13	12	-65%
Nevada Division of Wildlife	18	9	5	4	1	-94%
UNLV Police	3	12	6	13	4	33%
Las Vegas Fire & Rescue	5	4	5	7	6	20%
Clark County Fire Dept	2	15	10	4	1	-50%
Union Pacific Police	2	0	0	19	1	-50%
Tribal Police	11	1	4	3	1	-91%
College of Southern NV Police Dept	7	3	4	2	1	-86%
NLV Fire Dept	4	3	6	2	1	-75%
Federal Marshall's Office	3	3	1	4	0	-100%
Henderson Fire Dept	6	2	1	0	3	-50%
DFS	0	1	4	0	1	-
P&P - Nevada Adult Parole &						
Probation	0	1	1	0	1	-
National Park Service	2	0	0	0	0	-100%
BLM - Bureau of Land Management	0	0	0	1	0	-
USPS - US Postal Service	0	0	0	0	0	-
CIA	1	0	0	0	0	-100%
FBI	1	0	0	0	0	-100%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

#### D. Time of Offense

The following statistics represent the time of the youth's alleged offense. The first section is a line graph that illustrates the number of referrals that corresponds to the offense time. Using the graph, the lowest point is around 6:00am and the highest point is about 10:00am. The second section is the historical statistics for the past five years.

#### 1. Referrals by Time of Offense



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
12:00 AM	1,029	891	617	518	456	-56%
1:00 AM	1,121	885	712	594	519	-54%
2:00 AM	929	749	574	484	482	-48%
3:00 AM	608	505	430	352	335	-45%
4:00 AM	436	369	316	271	255	-42%
5:00 AM	226	182	159	166	133	-41%
6:00 AM	161	149	95	85	81	-50%
7:00 AM	388	406	377	364	268	-31%
8:00 AM	841	856	725	647	578	-31%
9:00 AM	1,650	1,461	1,202	1,181	1,112	-33%
10:00 AM	2,091	1,919	1,372	1,263	1,201	-43%
11:00 AM	1,525	1,418	1,350	1,193	1,188	-22%
12:00 PM	1,315	1,332	1,224	1,011	1,061	-19%
1:00 PM	1,390	1,317	1,230	972	1,009	-27%
2:00 PM	1,378	1,145	972	919	880	-36%
3:00 PM	1,230	973	867	838	728	-41%
4:00 PM	1,222	1,104	908	857	691	-43%
5:00 PM	1,094	914	792	716	589	-46%
6:00 PM	913	789	607	602	496	-46%
7:00 PM	861	718	579	481	431	-50%
8:00 PM	906	659	617	440	396	-56%
9:00 PM	813	676	648	445	358	-56%
10:00 PM	759	712	595	462	377	-50%
11:00 PM	912	860	642	473	341	-63%
Unknown	121	110	100	102	117	-3%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

#### E. Maximum Charge Categories

Nevada Revised Statutes group charges for which Juveniles can be referred into eleven categories based upon their nature and type of victims. The following category types are used throughout this report:

- Crimes Against Persons: A crime against the body of another human being.
- **Crimes Against Property:** A crime against another's property. These offenses included such charges as larceny, receiving stolen goods and embezzlement.
- Crimes Against Public Health and Safety: A crime traditionally viewed as endangering the whole of society. In Nevada, these offenses include those related to alcohol, tobacco, and weapons.
- Crimes Against the Public: A crime that impairs the administration of justice. For example bribery, perjury, falsifying evidence and obstruction.
- Drugs and Controlled Substance Crimes: An offense that violates any of the laws designed to control the distribution, classification, sale, and use of certain drugs.

- Local Code Crime: A violation of a statue that relates to or operates in a particular locality rather than the entire state.
- Malicious Mischief Crimes: Offenses that involve intentionally destroying or damaging another's property.
- Miscellaneous Crimes: Offenses defined by what the legislature chose to put in Chapter 207 of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS). Included here, as major categories, are habitual criminal laws, vagrancy, interference with emergency communications, deceptive advertising, and racketeering. Also, in this category is a group called "Miscellaneous" which includes coercion, trespass, false 911 call, annoying a minor, false crime report and the "hate" crime enhancement.
- **Sexual Crimes**: An offense involving unlawful sexual conduct. In Nevada, these are found in NRS Chapter 200 under Crimes Against the Person.
- Status Offenses: A type of offense of which a person is guilty by being in a certain condition or of a specific character. Specifically in the Nevada juvenile system, these generally refer to offenses that would not be an offense if committed by an adult. This includes runaway, truancy, unmanageable and curfew.
- **Traffic Crimes:** The violation of prescribed rules of conduct to promote the orderly and safe flow of people, animals, vehicles and vessels.
- **CHINS:** Per NRS 62A.040 "Child in need of supervision" means a child who is adjudicated to be in need of supervision pursuant to the provisions of this title.

In addition, the DJJS uses an additional category of "Charge Types" known as "Administrative Actions" in order to record actions that, though they are not actual offenses, are related to them. These actions, recorded as charges, include the following major actions:

Writ of Attachments
Courtesy Holds
Drug Court
Restitution Court
Immigration Holds
Material Witness
Revocation of Release Agreement
Judicial Order

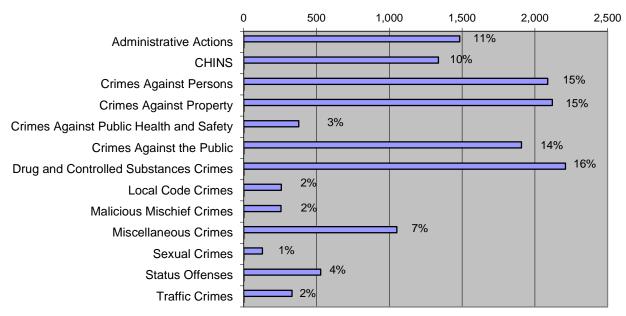
These "Administrative Actions" are not offenses in themselves and therefore do not lead to additional court actions such as petitions or dispositions. They are understood in the jurisdiction to be recordings of events and not as criminal acts. They are usually tied to an actual charge already existing for the juvenile's previous record, or one for which the District Attorney has complied enough evidence to refer the youth and bring them into custody. For example, a Bench Writ of Attachment is most often issued when a youth fails to appear on a charge at a scheduled hearing. A Bench Writ of Attachment Served is recorded when the youth is brought into Booking, where he or she may or may not be detained. In another example, "Drug Court" is entered as a reason for detaining a youth who is ordered to spend a set number of days in detention as part of a drug treatment program.

The exception to this rule is that there are three actual charge areas under this category, which include: "Other Felony," "Other Gross Misdemeanor," and "Other Misdemeanor."

These entries occur when a charge not listed specifically in Family TRACS is used. Use of these entries requires that the specific name and nature of the charge be recorded in a text box. These charges, then, are subject to petition and disposition, if referred to and accepted by the District Attorney.

The following charge category statistics only reflect the most serious charge at the time of referral.

#### 1. Percentage of Overall Referrals by Charge Category



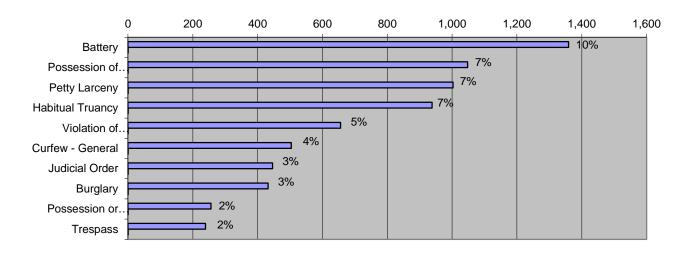
#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Administrative Actions
CHINS
Crimes Against Persons
Crimes Against Property
Crimes Against Public
Health and Safety
<b>Crimes Against the Public</b>
Drug and Controlled
Substances Crimes
Local Code Crimes
<b>Malicious Mischief Crimes</b>
Miscellaneous Crimes
Sexual Crimes
Status Offenses
Traffic Crimes
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,149	1,928	1,697	1,620	1,484	-31%
0	0	0	16	1,338	-
2,850	2,528	2,401	2,208	2,088	-27%
4,210	3,501	2,918	2,382	2,120	-50%
1,625	1,214	1,033	795	378	-77%
2,124	2,082	2,055	2,061	1,908	-10%
2,940	3,051	2,723	2,377	2,210	-25%
422	270	251	293	258	-39%
604	503	427	340	256	-58%
1,158	838	709	598	1,052	-9%
149	142	176	149	129	-13%
4,416	3,893	2,770	2,246	529	-88%
1,272	1,149	550	351	332	-74%
23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

#### F. Top Ten Most Common Charges (All Charges)

The following charge statistics only reflect the most serious charge at the time of referral.



#### 1. Percentage of Overall Referrals

#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

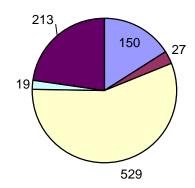
Habitual Truancy
Petty Larceny
Battery
Curfew - General
Possession of Marijuana
Possession or
Consumption of Alcohol
Violation of Probation
Burglary
Judicial Order
Trespass

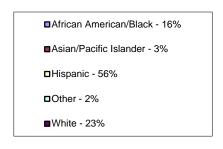
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,513	2,296	1,586	1,361	938	-63%
2,026	1,581	1,327	1,196	1,003	-50%
1,812	1,651	1,594	1,534	1,359	-25%
1,685	1,143	921	765	504	-70%
1,362	1,346	1,189	1,082	1,048	-23%
1,240	841	718	481	256	-79%
794	747	854	758	656	-17%
829	719	554	543	432	-48%
742	714	646	472	446	-40%
660	440	366	320	239	-64%

#### 2. Top Ten Most Common Charges (All Charges) by Ethnicity/Race

For each charge, the first chart will illustrate 2014 statistics and the second chart will illustrate historical statistics for the maximum charges from 2010 to 2014.

#### a) Habitual Truancy (2014 Referrals - 938)





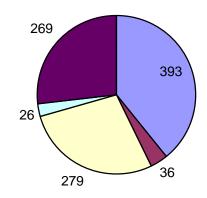
### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

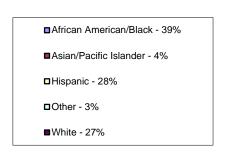
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
416	387	283	235	150	-64%
59	60	29	29	27	-54%
1,465	1,268	902	809	529	-64%
81	77	26	22	19	-77%
492	504	346	266	213	-57%
2,513	2,296	1,586	1,361	938	-63%

#### b) Petty Larceny (2014 Referrals - 1,003)





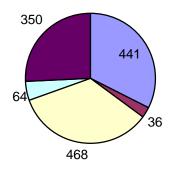
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

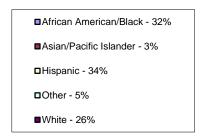
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
603	440	443	458	393	-35%
110	85	76	59	36	-67%
703	607	431	357	279	-60%
64	52	34	26	26	-59%
546	397	343	296	269	-51%
2,026	1,581	1,327	1,196	1,003	-50%

#### c) Battery (2014 Referrals - 1,359)

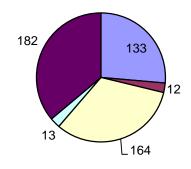


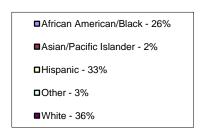


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 10-14% 451 491 479 -2% 500 441 -14% 42 34 34 45 36 610 509 504 442 468 -23% 80 75 75 79 64 -20% -44% 629 542 481 489 350 1,812 1,651 1,594 1,534 1,359 -25%

#### d) Curfew- General (2014 Referrals - 504)



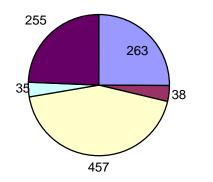


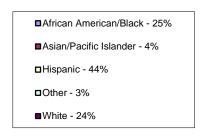
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
448	348	265	232	133	-70%
56	41	38	19	12	-79%
597	358	327	281	164	-73%
48	30	23	18	13	-73%
536	366	268	215	182	-66%
1,685	1,143	921	765	504	-70%

#### e) Possession of Marijuana (2014 Referrals - 1,048)





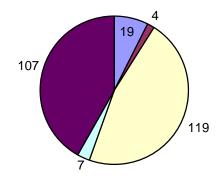
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

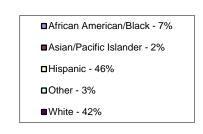
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
284	276	248	289	263	-7%
37	41	37	34	38	3%
596	608	562	425	457	-23%
28	37	39	24	35	25%
417	384	303	310	255	-39%
1,362	1,346	1,189	1,082	1,048	-23%

### f) Possession or Consumption of Alcohol (2014 Referrals – 256)





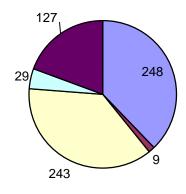
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

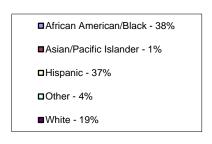
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
k	129	93	89	63	19	-85%
	47	31	20	7	4	-91%
	551	350	331	257	119	-78%
	30	22	25	5	7	-77%
	483	345	253	149	107	-78%
	1,240	841	718	481	256	-79%

#### g) Violation of Probation (2014 Referrals - 656)



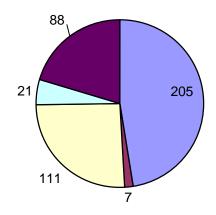


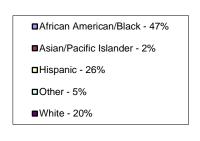
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
239	260	331	284	248	4%
13	20	15	11	9	-31%
299	264	299	275	243	-19%
34	32	36	27	29	-15%
209	171	173	161	127	-39%
794	747	854	758	656	-17%

# h) Burglary (2014 Referrals - 432)

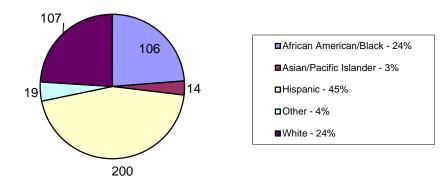




# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
: [	266	224	213	223	205	-23%
	19	18	15	12	7	-63%
	300	243	178	161	111	-63%
	30	25	20	17	21	-30%
	214	209	128	130	88	-59%
	829	719	554	543	432	-48%

#### i) Judicial Order (2014 Referrals - 446)



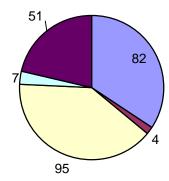
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

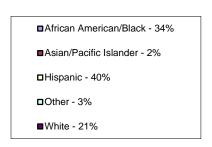
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
	178	162	171	111	106	-40%
	10	14	11	16	14	40%
	328	321	288	217	200	-39%
	18	13	10	12	19	6%
	208	204	166	116	107	-49%
	742	714	646	472	446	-40%

# j) Trespass (2014 Referrals - 239)





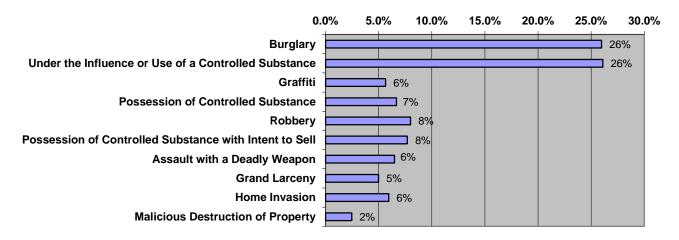
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
268	185	129	120	82	-69%
6	9	5	6	4	-33%
234	154	154	105	95	-59%
16	10	11	9	7	-56%
136	82	67	80	51	-63%
660	440	366	320	239	-64%

#### G. Top Ten Most Common Felony/Gross Misdemeanor Charges

The following charge statistics only reflect the most serious charge at the time of referral.

#### 1. Percentage of Overall Felony/Gross Misdemeanor Referrals



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

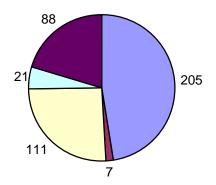
Burglary
Under the Influence or Use
of a Controlled Substance
Graffiti
Possession of Controlled
Substance
Robbery
Possession of Controlled
Substance with Intent to Sell
Assault with a Deadly
Weapon
Grand Larceny
Home Invasion
Malicious Destruction of
Property

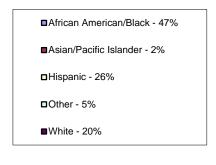
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
829	719	554	543	432	-48%
431	515	504	457	434	1%
324	247	212	117	94	-71%
168	241	229	206	111	-34%
214	164	152	129	133	-38%
199	167	137	108	128	-36%
178	168	137	93	108	-39%
181	141	66	64	83	-54%
135	97	81	100	99	-27%
66	57	58	39	41	-38%

# 2. Top Ten Most Common Charges Felony/Gross Misdemeanor Charges by Ethnicity/Race

For each charge, the first chart will illustrate 2014 statistics and the second chart will illustrate historical statistics for the maximum felony/gross misdemeanor charges from 2010 to 2014.

# a) Burglary (2014 Referrals - 432)



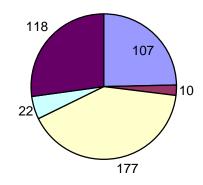


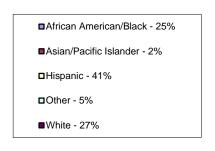
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
<	266	224	213	223	205	-23%
	19	18	15	12	7	-63%
	300	243	178	161	111	-63%
	30	25	20	17	21	-30%
	214	209	128	130	88	-59%
	829	719	554	543	432	-48%

### b) Under the Influence of a Controlled Substance (2014 Referrals - 434)

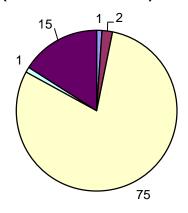


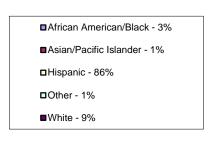


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
ck	102	123	133	98	107	5%
	5	11	11	11	10	100%
	162	204	231	218	177	9%
	18	19	23	14	22	22%
	144	158	106	116	118	-18%
	431	515	504	457	434	1%

#### c) Graffiti (2014 Referrals - 94)



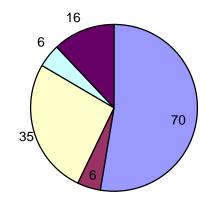


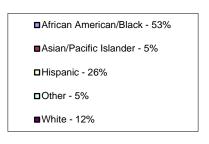
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
13	14	5	4	1	-92%
12	4	7	1	2	-83%
230	198	171	101	75	-67%
4	1	5	1	1	-75%
65	30	24	10	15	-77%
324	247	212	117	94	-71%

#### d) Robbery (2014 Referrals - 133)





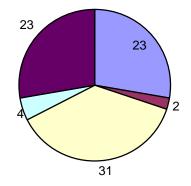
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
k	119	83	92	88	70	-41%
	2	2	1	1	6	200%
	49	52	30	24	35	-29%
	6	3	8	4	6	0%
	38	24	21	12	16	-58%
	214	164	152	129	133	-38%

#### e) Grand Larceny (2014 Referrals - 83)



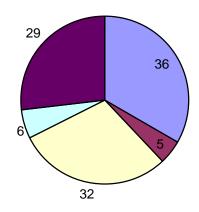
■ African American/Black - 28%
■ Asian/Pacific Islander - 2%
■ Hispanic - 37%
■ Other - 5%
■ White - 28%

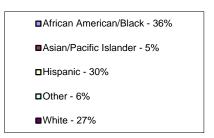
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

2013 2010 2011 2012 2014 10-14% 55 43 21 17 23 -58% 7 7 1 6 2 -71% -54% 67 52 26 16 31 9 2 -50% 8 3 4 44 30 15 23 23 -48% 181 141 66 64 83 -54%

#### f) Assault with a Deadly Weapon (2014 Referrals - 108)

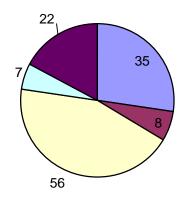


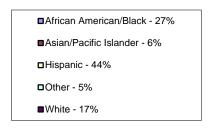


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
k	53	52	52	30	36	-32%
	5	6	4	2	5	0%
	62	58	47	28	32	-48%
	7	6	6	9	6	-14%
	51	46	28	24	29	-43%
	178	168	137	93	108	-39%

#### g) Possession of Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell (2014 Referrals - 128)



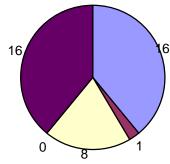


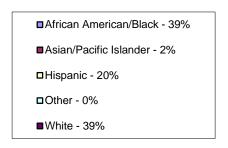
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
52	48	35	20	35	-33%
9	9	4	5	8	-11%
76	60	65	46	56	-26%
3	7	1	3	7	133%
59	43	32	34	22	-63%
199	167	137	108	128	-36%

### h) Malicious Destruction of Property (2014 Referrals - 41)

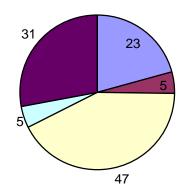


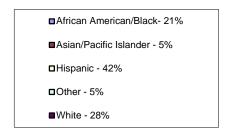


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
۶k	16	7	11	14	16	0%
	3	1	0	0	1	-67%
	25	21	17	12	8	-68%
	2	4	6	0	0	-100%
	20	24	24	13	16	-20%
	66	57	58	39	41	-38%

#### i) Possession of Controlled Substance (2014 Referrals - 111)



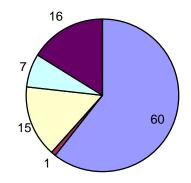


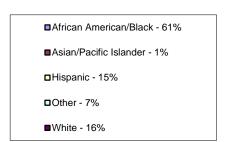
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
26	29	41	26	23	-12%
3	9	5	3	5	67%
50	98	113	118	47	-6%
4	6	6	7	5	25%
85	99	64	52	31	-64%
168	241	229	206	111	-34%

# j) Home Invasion (2014 Referrals - 99)





#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

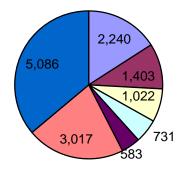
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
73	52	52	53	60	-18%
0	0	1	1	1	-
40	26	20	23	15	-63%
3	5	3	8	7	133%
19	14	5	15	16	-16%
135	97	81	100	99	-27%

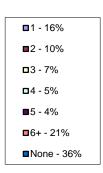
#### H. Prior Referral Statistics

#### 1. Number of Prior Referrals

The following statistics illustrate the number of prior referrals that a youth had when they were referred in 2014 to the DJJS. After providing an overview for all referrals, specific details will be provided for each ethnicity/race category.

#### a) Summary of Prior Referrals (2014 Referrals – 14,082)

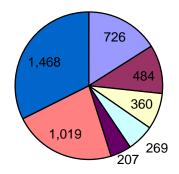


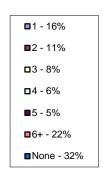


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	3,993	3,466	2,849	2,421	2,240	-44%
2	2,505	2,197	1,786	1,503	1,403	-44%
3	1,788	1,553	1,241	1,106	1,022	-43%
4	1,351	1,168	1,008	824	731	-46%
5	1,051	916	784	698	583	-45%
6+	4,828	4,200	3,900	3,366	3,017	-38%
None	8,403	7,599	6,142	5,518	5,086	-39%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,436	14,082	-41%

# b) Prior Referral Statistics for African American/Black Youth (2014 Referrals – 4,533)

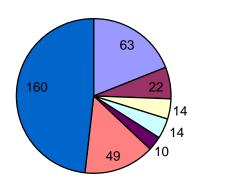


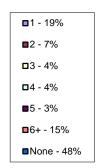


# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	918	875	813	771	726	-21%
2	656	583	532	481	484	-26%
3	491	436	399	340	360	-27%
4	395	315	314	259	269	-32%
5	324	271	233	226	207	-36%
6+	1,605	1,388	1,327	1,137	1,019	-37%
None	1,757	1,717	1,525	1,578	1,468	-16%
Total	6,146	5,585	5,143	4,792	4,533	-26%

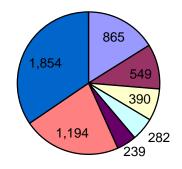
# c) Prior Referral Statistics for Asian/Pacific Islander Youth (2014 Referrals - 332)

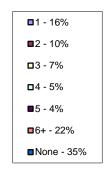




_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	120	108	62	68	63	-48%
2	61	60	42	28	22	-64%
3	40	37	22	24	14	-65%
4	26	31	23	9	14	-46%
5	19	15	17	9	10	-47%
6+	47	62	58	48	49	4%
None	344	284	233	200	160	-53%
Total	657	597	457	386	332	-49%

# d) Prior Referral Statistics for Hispanic Youth (2014 Referrals – 5,373)

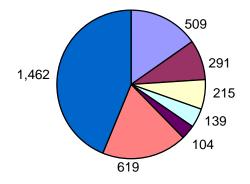


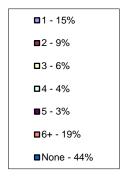


### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	1,718	1,432	1,198	904	865	-50%
2	1,046	928	741	618	549	-48%
3	735	656	508	463	390	-47%
4	551	499	416	346	282	-49%
5	428	384	327	278	239	-44%
6+	1,966	1,721	1,579	1,356	1,194	-39%
None	3,404	3,079	2,429	2,064	1,854	-46%
Total	9,848	8,699	7,198	6,029	5,373	-45%

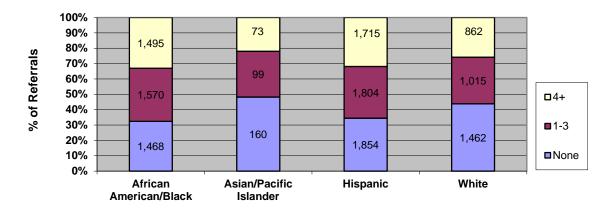
# e) Prior Referral Statistics for White Youth (2014 Referrals - 3,339)





	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	1,155	958	688	609	509	-56%
2	675	557	412	328	291	-57%
3	466	369	262	241	215	-54%
4	324	284	215	173	139	-57%
5	237	214	182	151	104	-56%
6+	1,041	855	775	726	619	-41%
None	2,649	2,332	1,793	1,540	1,462	-45%
Total	6,547	5,569	4,327	3,768	3,339	-49%

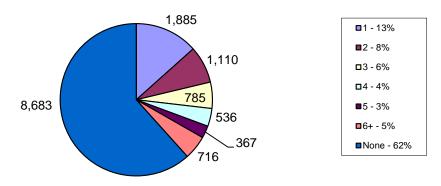
#### f) Summary of the Number of Prior Referrals by Ethnicity and the Percentage of Overall Referrals in 2014



#### 2. Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals

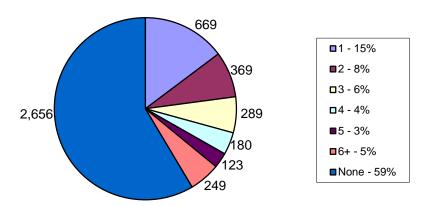
The following statistics illustrate the number of prior adjudicated referrals that a youth had when they were referred in 2014 to the DJJS. Unlike the previous section, the prior referrals must be adjudicated. After providing an overview for all referrals, specific details will be provided for each ethnicity/race category.

# a) Summary of the Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals (2014 Referrals – 14,082)



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	2,957	2,622	2,236	1,935	1,885	-36%
2	1,933	1,654	1,389	1,231	1,110	-43%
3	1,236	1,139	1,032	853	785	-36%
4	731	642	722	535	536	-27%
5	486	468	453	490	367	-24%
6+	901	663	712	713	716	-21%
None	15,675	13,911	11,166	9,680	8,683	-45%
Total	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,437	14,082	-41%

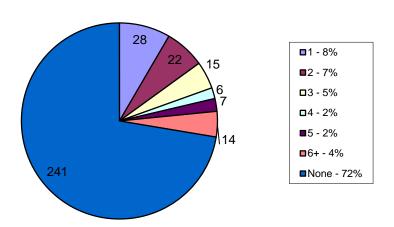
### b) Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals for each Referral of African American/Black Youth (2014 Referrals - 4,535)



# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	846	793	734	665	669	-21%
2	599	507	436	434	369	-38%
3	400	360	324	287	289	-28%
4	216	201	251	158	180	-17%
5	154	146	156	171	123	-20%
6+	342	244	270	232	249	-27%
None	3,589	3,334	2,972	2,845	2,656	-26%
Total	6,146	5,585	5,143	4,792	4,535	-26%

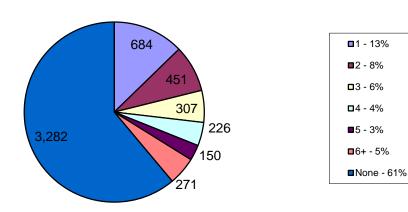
## c) Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals for each Referral of Asian/Pacific Islander Youth (2014 Referrals - 333)



# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1	47	52	55	34	28	-40%
2	33	37	26	20	22	-33%
3	15	25	21	14	15	0%
4	10	8	13	10	6	-40%
5	10	3	6	5	7	-30%
6+	4	11	9	19	14	250%
None	538	461	328	284	241	-55%
Total	657	597	458	386	333	-49%

# d) Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals for each Referral of Hispanic Youth (2014 Referrals – 5,371)

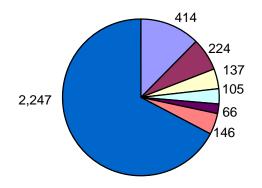


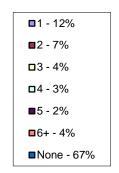
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
1,154	1,052	853	719	684	-41%
782	659	592	473	451	-42%
475	448	433	345	307	-35%
325	262	293	239	226	-30%
187	212	185	203	150	-20%
352	256	273	288	271	-23%
6,573	5,811	4,569	3,763	3,282	-50%
9,848	8,700	7,198	6,030	5,371	-45%

1 2 3

# e) Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals for each Referral of White Youth (2014 Referrals – 3,339)



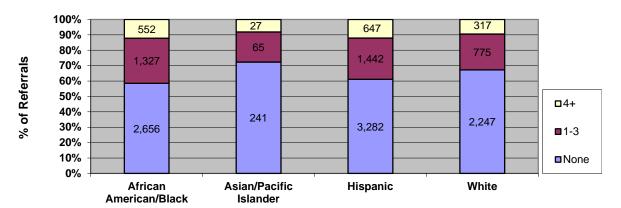


#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

1
2
3
4
5
6+
None
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
796	622	501	441	414	-48%
446	385	289	260	224	-50%
316	264	211	182	137	-57%
149	143	134	109	105	-30%
109	90	87	95	66	-39%
168	128	124	148	146	-13%
4,563	3,936	2,979	2,531	2,247	-51%
6,547	5,568	4,325	3,766	3,339	-49%

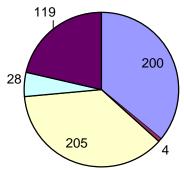
# f) Summary of the Number of Prior Adjudicated Referrals by Ethnicity and the Percentage of Overall Referrals in 2014



#### 3. Issued Writ of Attachment Statistics

The following statistics are based on the date the Writ of Attachment was issued, served, or quashed. There are three types of Writ of Attachments: AW- Arrest Writ, BW-Bench Writ, TW- Traffic Writ. \*2012 law change and order was given to quash all remaining TW and these cases be referred to another court.

# a) Issued Arrest Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs- 556)



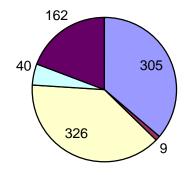
□ African American/Black - 36%
□ Asian/Pacific Islander - 1%
□ Hispanic - 37%
□ Other - 5%
□ White - 21%

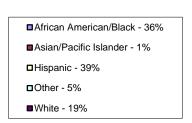
# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
283	200	248	248	200	-29%
14	13	7	13	4	-71%
277	207	233	242	205	-26%
48	28	26	29	28	-42%
223	121	149	155	119	-47%
845	569	663	687	556	-34%

#### b) Issued Bench Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs- 842)





# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
(	314	253	237	318	305	-3%
	17	18	11	12	9	-47%
	338	333	273	346	326	-4%
Ī	33	26	29	26	40	21%
	199	147	137	160	162	-19%
	901	777	687	862	842	-7%

### c) Issued Traffic Writ of Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 0)

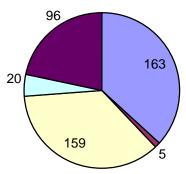
### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

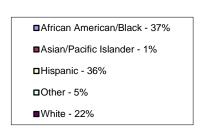
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
14	14	0	0	0	-
1	2	0	0	0	-
25	22	0	0	0	-
2	1	0	0	0	-
11	10	0	0	0	-
53	49	0	0	0	-

#### 4. Served Writ of Attachment Statistics

#### a) Served Arrest Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 443)

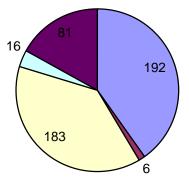


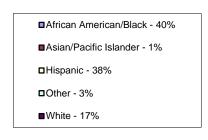


## 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
:[	241	174	177	218	163	-32%
	10	12	10	5	5	-50%
	243	176	164	210	159	-35%
ĺ	27	31	18	19	20	-26%
	175	112	103	130	96	-45%
ĺ	696	505	472	582	443	-36%

# b) Served Bench Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 478)





# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black
Asian/Pacific Islander
Hispanic
Other
White
Total

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
۲	226	184	153	171	192	-15%
	9	13	8	10	6	-33%
Ī	230	220	168	198	183	-20%
	23	18	21	18	16	-30%
	130	96	93	85	81	-38%
Ī	618	531	443	482	478	-23%

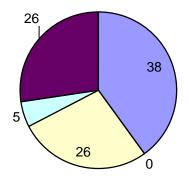
# c) Served Traffic Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs- 0)

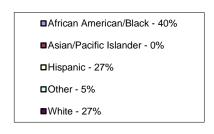
African American/Black
Asian/Pacific Islander
Hispanic
Other
White
Total

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
(	6	8	2	0	0	-100%
	0	2	0	0	0	-
	13	9	0	0	0	-100%
	1	3	0	0	0	-100%
	0	3	2	0	0	-
	20	25	4	0	0	-100%

#### 5. Quashed Writ of Attachment Statistics

#### a) Quashed Arrest Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 95)





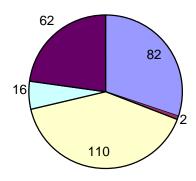
#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

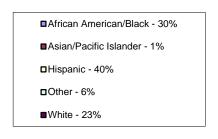
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
41	28	46	48	38	-7%
4	2	1	5	0	-100%
41	22	54	47	26	-37%
9	7	7	9	5	-44%
42	31	42	48	26	-38%
137	90	150	157	95	-31%

### b) Quashed Bench Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 272)





# 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
k	177	100	58	92	82	-54%
	19	8	8	6	2	-89%
	268	146	61	95	110	-59%
	60	7	7	7	16	-73%
	171	75	46	62	62	-64%
	695	336	180	262	272	-61%

#### c) Quashed Traffic Writ Statistics by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Writs - 0)

#### 1) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

			,			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
(	5	11	25	0	0	-100%
	0	1	3	0	0	-100%
	10	21	107	0	0	-100%
	0	0	0	0	0	-
	3	11	37	0	0	-100%
	18	44	172	0	0	-100%

# VI. Intake Statistics

This section represents two main areas of statistics generated by the intake division, which includes the number of cases diverted and the number of cases referred to the district attorney's office. The dates reflected represent the date they were diverted or referred to the district attorney.

#### A. Diversion Statistics

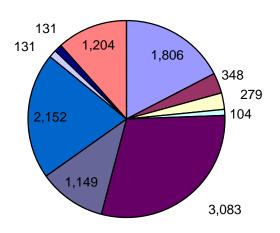
For the purpose of this report, the diversion category represents actions taken by the intake division to deter the referral from moving forward through the court system, which includes the following:

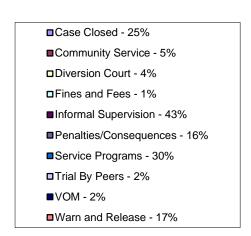
- Case Closed- After a review of the referral, a decision is made to prevent the case from moving forward to the court system.
- Community Service- As a consequence, the youth is tasked with completing a certain number of community service hours.
- Fines and Fees- Monetary payments imposed as part of a resolution for the referral.
- Informal Supervision- The assessment and disposition of a referral is handled informally, without a court petition, but involves ongoing supervision by the DJJS for a period of time.
- Penalties/Consequences- An action taken in resolution of a referral through which the youth is required to make amends for their behavior.
- Referred to other agency- After a review of the referral, it is decided that the youth could be better served through the services of a different agency.
- Service Programs- As a resolution for a referral, the youth is required to attend programs and services of a therapeutic nature.
- Trial by Peers- A jury of the youth's peers decides on an informal resolution.

- Victim Offender Mediation- As a resolution, the youth is required to participate in a mediation with the victim of their offense.
- Warn and Release- In contrast to informal supervision, the youth is given a warning for their offense and they are released without further supervision by DJJS staff.

#### 1. Diversion Types (2014 Diversions – 7,197)

Through the informal process, the categories below are assigned to a particular charge. As a referral may have more than one charge, one referral may generate multiple diversion categories. Therefore, the subcategories will not add up to the grand total.





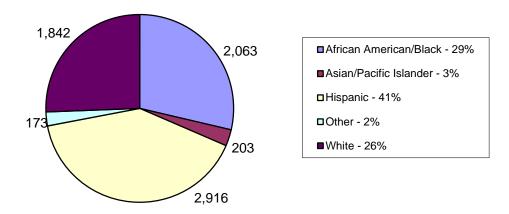
#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

Case Closed
Community Service
Diversion Court
Fines and Fees
Informal Supervision
Penalties/Consequences
Service Programs
Trial By Peers
VOM
Warn and Release
Total

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,301	2,319	2,708	2,248	1,806	-22%
1,063	1,046	711	442	348	-67%
1	92	235	203	279	27800%
725	618	336	154	104	-86%
6,236	4,565	3,872	3,249	3,083	-51%
1,136	967	1,177	1,216	1,149	1%
3,095	2,839	2,672	2,236	2,152	-30%
195	201	180	164	131	-33%
153	148	140	185	131	-14%
2,004	1,696	1,581	1,469	1,204	-40%
12,932	10,389	9,813	8,116	7,197	-44%

## 2. Diversions by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Diversions - 7,197)

The statistics below are based on total referrals that were diverted in 2014.

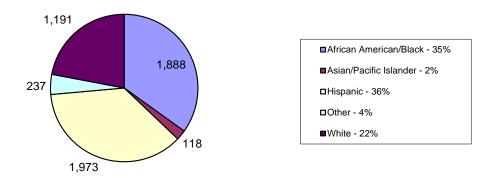


#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
African American/Black	2,953	2,513	2,454	2,194	2,063	-30%
Asian/Pacific Islander	420	334	294	240	203	-52%
Hispanic	5,492	4,302	4,283	3,435	2,916	-47%
Other	332	262	255	189	173	-48%
White	3,735	2,978	2,528	2,059	1,842	-51%
Total	12,932	10,389	9,813	8,116	7,197	-44%

# B. Cases Referred to the District Attorney by Ethnicity (2014 Referrals - 5,407)

These statistics reflect intake referrals to the district attorney's office. The date represents the date of referral and not the offense date.



#### 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

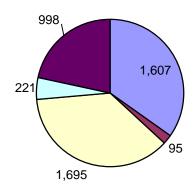
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

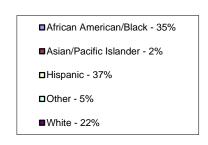
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
2,558	2,343	2,070	1,974	1,888	-26%
200	208	167	114	118	-41%
3,649	3,150	2,508	2,158	1,973	-46%
303	284	269	200	237	-22%
2,247	1,987	1,411	1,301	1,191	-47%
8,957	7,972	6,425	5,747	5,407	-40%

# VII. <u>District Attorney Statistics</u>

This section illustrates statistics that are generated by the district attorney's office. In particular, the following statistics include: the number of cases filed, the most serious charge category of a filed referral, and the number of youth filed directly with the adult court system.

## A. Cases Filed by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Referrals Filed - 4,616)





#### 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
	2,202	1,927	1,792	1,681	1,607	-27%
	152	152	140	101	95	-38%
	3,165	2,653	2,207	1,876	1,695	-46%
	268	242	243	177	221	-18%
	1,979	1,640	1,237	1,102	998	-50%
	7,766	6,614	5,619	4,937	4,616	-41%

#### B. Most Serious Charge Category of Filed Referral (2010-2014) (See descriptions on page 26-28)

CHINS
Crimes Against Persons
Crimes Against Property
Crimes Against Public Health and Safety
Crimes Against the Public
Drug and Controlled Substances Crimes
Local Code Crimes
Malicious Mischief Crimes

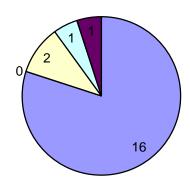
Miscellaneous Crimes
Sexual Crimes

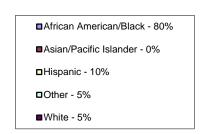
Status Offenses
Traffic Crimes

**Total** 

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
	0	0	0	2	27	-
	1,243	1,060	951	888	902	-27%
	1,595	1,272	1,180	1,082	1,061	-33%
,	571	442	387	321	231	-60%
	779	831	856	718	669	-14%
	1,364	1,330	1,203	1,086	1,016	-26%
	74	84	76	54	32	-57%
	510	398	385	262	208	-59%
	349	278	226	268	258	-26%
	95	86	107	103	104	9%
	1,051	715	143	85	39	-96%
	135	118	105	68	69	-49%
	7,766	6,614	5,619	4,937	4,616	-41%

# C. Youth Filed Directly with the Adult Court System by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Youth Filed - 20)





# 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
16	10	12	15	16	0%
0	0	0	0	0	-
10	9	11	9	2	-80%
0	0	1	0	1	-
4	3	1	0	1	-75%
30	22	25	24	20	-33%

# **VIII. Court Actions**

The following statistics represent decisions made through the formal court process. To reach this level, the District Attorney has filed the charges of the referral. With the charges filed in court, each case is placed under the court's consideration. The statistics of this section are divided into the following: the different types of court actions, probation dispositions, SMYC dispositions, DCFS dispositions, and the number of youth certified.

#### A. Court Action Types by Referrals

Through the court process, as a result of a filed charge, a youth may receive the following types of formal court actions:

- Certification to Adult Status- As guided by Nevada Statutes, this is an action that sends a referral from the juvenile court system to be determined through the adult court system.
- Community Service- As a consequence, the youth is ordered to complete a certain number of community service hours.
- Counseling- As part of a court order, the youth is required to receive counseling services.
- Diversion- As a form of a graduated sanction, this action is taken in lieu of a more serious court action.
- Drug Court- As an option for drug related referrals, this action is taken to encourage and monitor the youth's ability to rehabilitate from drug use. Specifically, the youth will be required to take random drug testing.
- Fines and Fees- Monetary payments imposed as part of a resolution for the referral.
- Formal Parole- This action occurs for referred youth that have previously been committed to a State Correctional Facility. Upon release from the correctional facility, State Parole is to provide formal supervision of the youth.
- Formal Supervision- After consideration of the referral, the court decides to place the youth under formal supervision of the DJJS. This action would include the following: formal probation, electronic monitoring, and intensive supervision programs.
- Interstate Compact (ICOJ)- As a result of the court process, a formal agreement is made between states where a youth is placed under supervision in one state and supervised in another.
- Other This option includes actions such as dismissing charges, no further action, or ordering the youth to follow conditions the Probation Department may deem appropriate. Finally, it includes any specific orders that are not covered in any of the other categories that the judge may impose as being uniquely suited to promoting the successful resolution of individual cases.

- Penalties/Consequences- An action taken in resolution of a referral through which the youth is required to make amends for their behavior.
- Commitment DCFS As a result of the court process, an order is made to commit the youth to a State Correctional Facility.
- Placed OTHER- This action is used when the youth is ordered to live with relatives, in group homes, or alternative placements rather than DCFS or DJJS facilities.
- Placed SMYC- As a result of the court process, an order is made to place the youth into the Spring Mountain Youth Camp.
- Referred to DJJS- After a review of the referral, it is decided that the resolution can be determined by the DJJS. This would include referrals to probation or traffic.
- Referred to State Parole- After examining of the referral, it is decided that State Parole can determine the resolution. This would include youth that are currently under the formal supervision of State Parole.
- Residential Treatment- For rehabilitation purposes, the youth is ordered to receive residential treatment.
- Restitution- The youth is ordered to make payments to the victims of their offenses. The amount is to be determined by the Victim Assistance Program (VAP).
- Service Programs- As a resolution for a referral, the youth is required to attend programs and services of a therapeutic nature.
- Suspended Commitment- As a graduated sanction, the youth is given an opportunity to rehabilitate without being sent to a State Correctional Facility. However, should any other infractions occur, the youth will be committed to DCFS.
- Suspended Commitment/Formal Probation- In lieu of being committed to a State Correctional Facility, the youth is given formal probation. However, should any infractions occur under probation, the youth would be committed to DCFS.
- Suspended Placement SMYC- As a graduated sanction, the youth is given an opportunity to rehabilitate without being sent to the SMYC, should any other infractions occur, the youth would be placed at the SMYC.

As each individual charge on a referral may be tied to a specific court action, a single referral may generate statistics for multiple categories. As such, the categories below will not add up to the total number of referrals. Additionally, the dates represent the date of the action.

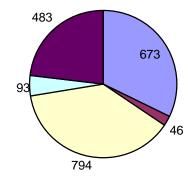
Certified to Adult Status
Community Service
Commitment DCFS
Counseling
Diversion
Drug Court
Fines and Fees
Formal Parole
Formal Supervision
Interstate Compact (ICOJ)
Other
Penalties/Consequences
Placed Other
Placed SMYC
Referred to DJJS
Referred to State Parole
Residential Treatment
Restitution
Services/Programs
Suspended Commitment
Suspended Commitment / Formal Probation
Suspended Placement SMYC
Total
Interstate Compact (ICOJ) Other Penalties/Consequences Placed Other Placed SMYC Referred to DJJS Referred to State Parole Residential Treatment Restitution Services/Programs Suspended Commitment Suspended Commitment / Formal Probation Suspended Placement SMYC

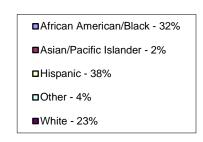
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
112	63	36	36	37	-67%
3,153	2,590	2,286	2,030	1,999	-37%
391	309	229	228	252	-36%
1,570	1,595	1,553	1,467	1,414	-10%
62	159	714	743	728	1074%
291	275	342	380	232	-20%
512	327	313	180	187	-63%
551	448	397	288	294	-47%
3,328	2,978	2,738	2,680	2,445	-27%
224	165	121	139	141	-37%
7,565	7,095	5,837	5,303	4,849	-36%
3,618	3,098	2,622	2,544	2,322	-36%
602	583	497	523	506	-16%
320	276	273	265	274	-14%
26	24	34	34	18	-31%
15	18	9	6	5	-67%
13	27	10	24	10	-23%
1,325	1,373	1,101	1,129	1,087	-18%
1,871	1,336	1,242	1,157	977	-48%
291	246	231	226	207	-29%
868	807	709	646	557	-36%
338	240	201	245	256	-24%
8,686	8,065	6,673	6,103	5,606	-35%

#### **B.** Court Dispositions by Distinct Youth Count

This section details the distinct number of youth involved with each of the following court actions: formal probation, SMYC placement, DCFS commitments, and certifications.

# 1. Formal Probation Disposition by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Dispositions – 2,089)





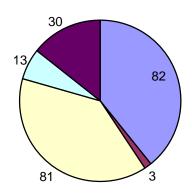
#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

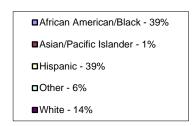
African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

**Total** 

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
796	708	695	703	673	-15%
72	72	61	49	46	-36%
1,166	1,069	913	888	794	-32%
97	91	94	75	93	-4%
820	697	570	512	483	-41%
2,951	2,637	2,333	2,227	2,089	-29%

#### 2. DCFS Commitments by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Commitments - 209)



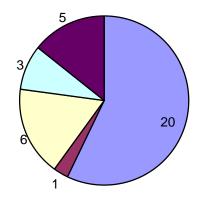


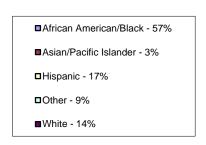
# a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White Total

2010	2011 <sup>′</sup>	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
102	81	74	71	82	-20%
5	1	5	1	3	-40%
112	105	68	62	81	-28%
9	9	14	9	13	44%
49	46	34	39	30	-39%
277	242	195	182	209	-25%

## 3. Certifications by Ethnicity/Race (2014 Certifications - 35)





#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

African American/Black Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic Other White

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
42	24	13	15	20	-52%
2	1	1	0	1	-50%
34	19	7	11	6	-82%
1	1	0	3	3	200%
10	8	3	1	5	-50%
89	53	24	30	35	-61%

# IX. Booking & Detention Statistics

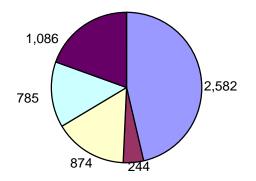
This section combines statistics that are generated by the booking and detention divisions. Specifically, the following sections are covered: detention screening, utilization, average daily population, and average length of stay.

#### A. Detention Screening

The following statistics reflect the status of those referrals that have been screened by the booking division. As a procedure to booking a youth, the Risk Assessment Instrument (RAI) is utilized by the DJJS. The RAI is a guideline for determining whether or not a youth is placed into secure detention. To be more specific, the RAI utilizes a scoring system that weighs specified risk factors associated with public safety. The instrument was developed with the intent of finding an objective means to detaining a referred youth. The RAI was implemented into FamilyTRACS in 2005. The following is a description of the categories that are used:

- Detention Requirements Were Not Met- When a youth scores below 15 points and does not meet the mandatory detainment or special detainment circumstances and a discretionary override is not utilized.
- Discretionary Override- Occurs when a youth is detained because of a special circumstance that is not listed as a category in the RAI. To receive an override, approval must be granted by the detention manager and the assistant director of the DJJS.
- Met Scoring Requirements- Occurs when a youth has scored 15 points or more on the RAI.
- Met Requirements of Mandatory Detainment- Occurs when a youth has scored below 15 points on the RAI but meets the standards listed in the mandatory detainment category. Some examples listed in the mandatory detainment category include: judicial orders, previous escapee, and firearm use.
- Met Requirements of a Special Detainment Circumstance- Occurs when a youth has scored below 15 points on the RAI but meets the standards listed in the special detainment circumstance category. Some examples listed in the special detainment category include: Writ of Attachments, institutional holds, and when the youth is from another jurisdiction.

# 1. Overall Referral Screening (2014 Referrals – 5,571)



□ Detainment Requirements Were Not Met - 46%

□ Discretionary Override - 4%

□ Met RAI Scoring Requirements - 16%

□ Mandatory Detainment - 14%

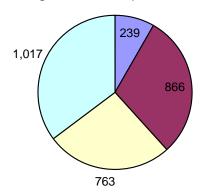
■ Special Detainment Circumstances - 19%

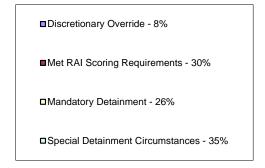
# a) Historical Data with Ethnicity/Race (2010-2014)

	_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Detainment Requirements Were Not Met	African American/Black	1,184	1,062	986	831	817	-31%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	92	94	58	68	61	-34%
Were Not met	Hispanic	1,733	1,578	1,475	1,077	1,034	-40%
	Other	150	144	142	109	118	-21%
	White	1,165	1,034	742	715	552	-53%
	Total	4,324	3,912	3,403	2,800	2,582	-40%
Discretionary	African American/Black	46	76	69	84	95	107%
Override	Asian/Pacific Islander	1	0	10	1	7	600%
	Hispanic	50	57	59	63	68	36%
	Other	12	8	15	12	15	25%
	White	62	52	56	56	59	-5%
	Total	171	193	209	216	244	43%
Met RAI	African American/Black	477	382	386	353	385	-19%
Scoring Reqts	Asian/Pacific Islander	27	27	18	21	25	-7%
	Hispanic	372	375	292	290	260	-30%
	Other	47	35	38	33	48	2%
	White	282	229	182	179	156	-45%
	Total	1,205	1,048	916	876	874	-27%
Met	African American/Black	316	265	283	230	255	-19%
Requirements of Mandatory	Asian/Pacific Islander	20	20	17	22	21	5%
Detainment	Hispanic	476	451	410	344	300	-37%
	Other	37	27	21	26	38	3%
	White	328	298	231	184	171	-48%
	Total	1,177	1,061	962	806	785	-33%
Met Requirements of Special Detainment	African American/Black	424	453	472	471	399	-6%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	17	25	27	15	17	0%
	Hispanic	469	452	416	447	398	-15%
Circumstances	Other	57	63	57	47	47	-18%
	White	291	248	246	249	225	-23%
	Total	1,258	1,241	1,218	1,229	1,086	-14%
	Grand Total	8,153	7,458	6,708	5,927	5,571	-32%

# 2. Detained RAI Result Categories (2014 RAI Total – 2,885)

The following statistics represent only those referrals that resulted in a detainment.





# d) Historical Statistics with Ethnicity/Race (2010-2014)

	_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Discretionary	African American/Black	46	75	69	83	94	104%
Override	Asian/Pacific Islander	1	0	10	1	6	500%
	Hispanic	50	57	58	63	66	32%
	Other	12	8	15	12	15	25%
	White	62	52	55	55	58	-6%
	Total	171	192	207	214	239	40%
Met RAI	African American/Black	468	371	380	349	381	-19%
Scoring Reqts	Asian/Pacific Islander	26	27	18	21	25	-4%
	Hispanic	369	372	285	289	259	-30%
	Other	46	35	36	32	47	2%
	White	276	225	179	177	154	-44%
	Total	1,185	1,030	898	868	866	-27%
Met	African American/Black	295	260	274	224	249	-16%
Requirements of Mandatory	Asian/Pacific Islander Hispanic	19	19	17	20	20	5%
Detainment		467	443	403	340	293	-37%
	Other	36	26	21	26	37	3%
	White	314	292	225	177	164	-48%
	Total	1,131	1,040	940	787	763	-33%
Met Requirements of Special Detainment	African American/Black	381	407	446	447	379	-1%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	15	22	22	14	13	-13%
	Hispanic	406	388	384	426	373	-8%
Circumstances Other		51	56	54	46	44	-14%
White		247	223	234	240	208	-16%
	Total	1,100	1,096	1,140	1,173	1,017	-8%
	Grand Total	3,602	3,360	3,185	3,042	2,885	-20%

#### 3. Detained RAI Result Category Detail (without overrides) (2010-2014)

The statistics of this section represents only those referrals that resulted in a detainment. The following is a description of the categories used:

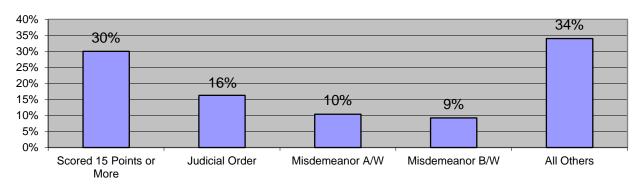
- Court Commitment DCFS- When a detainment occurs for those youth who are committed to a State Correctional Facility.
- Court Placement SMYC- When a detainment occurs for those youth who are being placed at Spring Mountain Youth Camp.
- Courtesy Hold- Occurs when another jurisdiction or public agency requests that a youth be detained.
- Escapee- When a detainment occurs because the youth has previously escaped from the DJJS facility.
- Felony/GM Writ of Attachment- When a detainment occurs because a felony or gross misdemeanor Writ of Attachment has been issued for the youth to appear in court.
- Fugitive Hold- When a youth is detained because they have been categorized as a fugitive in another jurisdiction.
- Hospitalization of Victim- A detainment that occurs when the victim of the offender is hospitalized.
- Immigration Hold Occurs when federal authorities request that a youth be detained for immigration proceedings.
- JO- When a detainment occurs due to a judicial order.
- JSO Runaway/No placement- When a detainment occurs because of the difficulty in finding a placement for a juvenile sexual offender or a runaway.
- Material Witness Order- When a detainment occurs at the request of another jurisdiction or public agency for the purposes of ensuring that the youth provides testimony in an upcoming court proceeding.
- Misdemeanor Writ of Attachment- When a detainment occurs because misdemeanor Writ of Attachment has been issued for the youth to appear in court. The following initials are used: "A" – Arrest, "B" – Bench, and "T" – Traffic.
- Offense Committed in Det Alt When a detainment occurs because the new offense was committed while the youth was in a detention alternative.

- Offense Committed on Post-Adj ISP When a detainment occurs because the new offense was committed while the youth was under a post adjudication Intensive Supervision Program (ISP).
- Offense Committed on SMYC Aftercare When a detainment occurs because the new offense was committed while the youth was under the Aftercare program.
- OJ with Charge- This occurs when a youth is charged with an offense and the youth is residing from another jurisdiction.
- Recommended Commitment- When a probation officer is recommending commitment, the youth is detained in order to prevent the youth from being a flight risk.
- Scored 15 Points of More- At 15 points, a youth becomes eligible to be detained.
- SMYC Institutional Hold This detainment occurs when a youth from SMYC is being held at Detention. This may occur if a youth was on weekend leave and committed a minor offense.
- SMYC- New Offense This detainment occurs if the youth commits a new offense during their placement.
- Use/Possession of Firearm- A youth may be detained if they have been charged with the use or possession of a firearm.

,	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Courtesy Hold	57	76	69	76	54	-5%
Escapee	4	6	1	3	6	50%
Federal Hold	1	0	0	0	0	-100%
Felony/GM Arrest Warrant	91	54	65	89	40	-56%
Felony/GM Bench Warrant	163	137	122	105	108	-34%
Fugitive Hold	24	37	17	24	24	0%
Hospitalization of Victim	2	1	0	1	2	0%
JSO Runaway/No Placement	30	48	29	38	20	-33%
Judicial Order	822	779	721	494	470	-43%
Material Witness Order	3	5	4	47	93	3000%
Misdemeanor A/W	416	332	318	357	300	-28%
Misdemeanor B/W	264	250	221	267	267	1%
Misdemeanor T/W	1	2	1	2	3	200%
Offense Committed in Det Alt	49	103	253	212	178	263%
Offense Committed on Post-Adj CCP	105	128	86	83	72	-31%
Offense Committed on SMYC Aftercare	73	64	54	19	0	-100%
OJ with Charge	93	81	89	87	86	-8%
Other	15	2	0	0	0	-100%
Override	171	192	207	214	239	40%
Scored 15 Points or More	1,185	1,030	898	868	866	-27%
SMYC - Institutional Hold	0	0	3	11	12	-
SMYC - New Offense	12	12	17	21	25	108%
Use/Possession of Firearm	21	21	10	24	20	-5%
Total	3,602	3,360	3,185	3,042	2,885	-20%

#### a) Percentage of Overall Detained Referrals

The figure below illustrates the top four categories of RAI results for those referrals that went through booking and resulted in a detention placement. As illustrated, the top four categories account for 66% of the total amount of referrals that led to a detention placement.

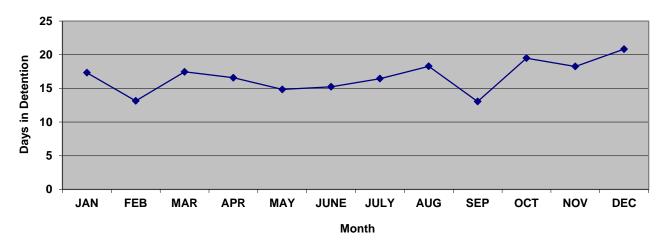


#### B. Utilization (2014 Detention Placements – 2,885)

This section details the number of youth held in detention at the start of the year, placed during the year, released during the year, and held in detention at the end of the year.

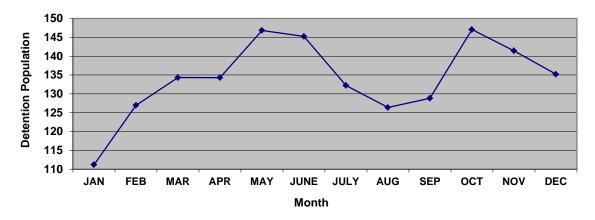
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Start of Year African American/Black		65	59	36	48	41	-37%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	2	2	7	2	1	-50%
	Hispanic	48	54	34	48	39	-19%
	Other	3	4	2	4	3	0%
	White	44	36	27	20	22	-50%
	Total	162	155	106	122	106	-35%
New	African American/Black	1,208	1,119	1,181	1,107	1103	-9%
Detentions	Asian/Pacific Islander	64	70	71	57	64	0%
	Hispanic	1,294	1,264	1,123	1,117	991	-23%
	Other	132	117	121	112	143	8%
	White	905	792	696	650	584	-35%
	Total	3,603	3,362	3,192	3,043	2885	-20%
Releases	African American/Black	1,213	1,142	1,168	1,114	1093	-10%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	64	65	76	58	65	2%
	Hispanic	1,288	1,284	1,110	1,126	995	-23%
	Other	132	119	120	113	142	8%
	White	913	801	702	648	582	-36%
	Total	3,610	3,411	3,176	3,059	2877	-20%
End of Year	African American/Black	60	36	49	41	51	-15%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	2	7	2	1	0	-100%
	Hispanic	54	34	47	39	35	-35%
	Other	3	2	3	3	4	33%
	White	36	27	21	22	24	-33%
	Total	155	106	122	106	114	-26%

# C. Detention Average Length of Stay (2014 ALOS – 17 Days)



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	18	19	13	17	17	-4%
FEB	18	16	15	16	13	-27%
MAR	17	17	17	15	17	3%
APR	15	18	13	15	17	11%
MAY	18	17	14	14	15	-18%
JUNE	18	17	16	16	15	-15%
JULY	20	20	16	15	16	-18%
AUG	18	18	19	21	18	2%
SEP	18	18	16	15	13	-27%
OCT	20	21	15	15	19	-3%
NOV	18	21	17	16	18	1%
DEC	21	19	19	16	21	-1%
Total	18	18	16	16	17	-7%

#### D. Detention Average Daily Population (2014 ADP - 134)



#### 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	178	168	135	136	111	-38%
FEB	185	169	138	140	127	-31%
MAR	161	177	146	135	134	-17%
APR	192	174	135	128	134	-30%
MAY	200	190	146	137	147	-27%
JUNE	193	171	135	138	145	-25%
JULY	176	165	145	135	132	-25%
AUG	172	164	136	134	126	-27%
SEP	185	176	135	121	129	-30%
OCT	184	169	139	138	147	-20%
NOV	180	154	139	132	141	-21%
DEC	166	125	131	128	135	-19%
Total	181	167	138	133	134	-26%

# X. <u>Alternatives to Detention (PRRP - Probation Review & Release Program and ISP – Intensive Supervision Program)</u>

This section illustrates statistics that are related to alternatives to detention: Global Positioning System (GPS) and Home Management (HM). Pre-Adjudicated and Post-Adjudicated youth are eligible. HM and GPS are designed to provide intensive supervision to youth in the community rather than in the secure detention facility. HM is a low-level supervision program. GPS is a high-level supervision program which requires a youth to wear an electronic tracking device. Both programs restrict youth to their home and permits travel only to and from school, employment, etc. Supervision includes unscheduled on-site visits at home, school or employment, and unscheduled phone contacts. The youth will maintain a scheduled daily routine agreed upon by the youth, parents and ISP staff.

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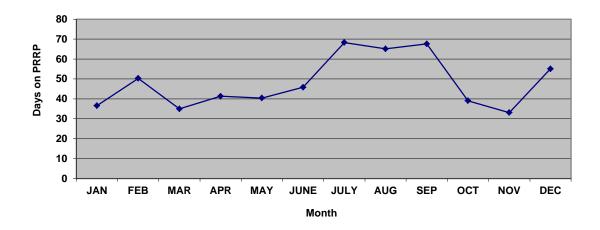
#### A. PRRP

#### 1. Utilization (2014 Placements - 939)

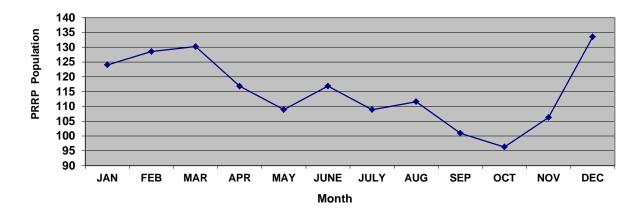
This section details the number of youth being monitored across all Units.

		2013	2014
Start of Year	African American/Black	59	51
	Asian/Pacific Islander	1	1
	Hispanic	59	32
	Other	6	2
	White	33	31
	Total	158	117
New	African American/Black	563	353
Detentions	Asian/Pacific Islander	20	14
	Hispanic	572	330
	Other	52	56
	White	333	186
	Total	1,540	939
Releases	African American/Black	568	353
	Asian/Pacific Islander	20	13
	Hispanic	599	315
	Other	56	52
	White	335	197
	Total	1,578	930
End of Year	African American/Black	54	51
	Asian/Pacific Islander	1	2
	Hispanic	32	47
	Other	2	6
	White	31	20
	Total	120	126

#### 2. Average Length of Stay (2014 ALOS - 49)



#### 3. Average Daily Population (2014 ADP - 115)



#### **B. ISP Statistics**

The Intensive Supervision Program (ISP) is a community based intensive supervision program for youth that would otherwise be committed to or placed in a juvenile institution. These programs for adjudicated youth include frequent probation officer contact and reporting requirements for daily programming.

- 1. Utilization (2014 New Placements 104)
- 2. Program started in Nov 2014. ALOS & ADP coming next year.

# XI. Spring Mountain Youth Camp Statistics

This section includes statistics generated from the Spring Mountain Youth Camp and the Transition and Aftercare program. The Spring Mountain Youth Camp is a staff-secure facility, which houses male youth offenders, who have been adjudicated for serious or repeat delinquent acts by the Juvenile Court Judge. The Aftercare program is designed to transition the youth, who were placed at the camp, back into the community.

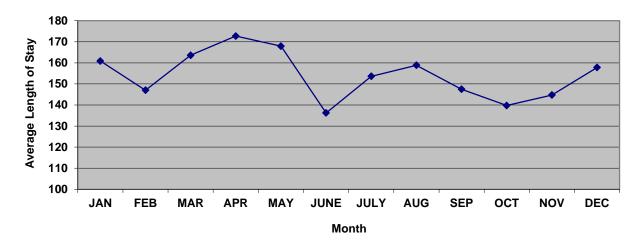
#### A. Spring Mountain Youth Camp

#### 1. Utilization (2014 Placements - 228)

This section details the number of youth at the camp at the start of the year, placed during the year, released during the year, and still at the camp at the end of the year.

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Start of Year	African American/Black	35	38	33	31	35	0%
i <del>c</del> ai	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	2	4	0	6	50%
	Hispanic	38	34	38	40	46	21%
	Other	5	1	1	2	2	-60%
	White	18	25	22	13	12	-33%
	Total	100	100	98	86	101	1%
New	African American/Black	98	71	91	74	101	3%
Placements	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	5	1	8	4	0%
	Hispanic	94	90	75	92	75	-20%
	Other	9	6	9	5	13	44%
	White	52	53	34	36	35	-33%
	Total	257	225	210	215	228	-11%
Releases	African American/Black	95	76	93	70	91	-25%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	6	3	5	2	7	-60%
	Hispanic	99	85	73	86	89	18%
	Other	13	6	7	5	13	-29%
	White	44	57	44	37	34	-16%
	Total	257	227	223	200	234	-10%
End of Year	African American/Black	38	33	30	35	45	17%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	2	4	0	6	3	-
	Hispanic	33	39	40	46	32	15%
	Other	1	1	3	2	2	-33%
	White	26	21	12	12	13	0%
	Total	100	98	85	101	95	19%

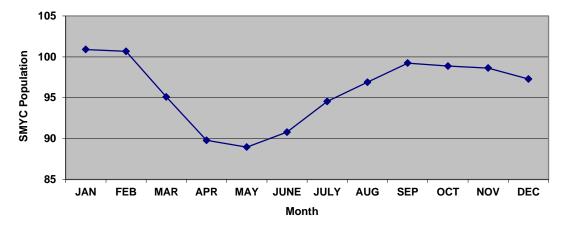
# 2. Average Length of Stay (2014 ALOS – 155 Days)



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	150	119	166	128	161	7%
FEB	178	151	174	165	147	-17%
MAR	119	138	152	201	164	37%
APR	147	146	150	179	173	17%
MAY	126	178	174	156	168	33%
JUNE	139	163	189	152	136	-2%
JULY	150	173	160	141	154	2%
AUG	170	162	171	179	159	-7%
SEP	132	146	150	166	147	12%
OCT	151	132	150	181	140	-7%
NOV	158	162	170	152	145	-8%
DEC	147	161	135	197	158	7%
Total	149	154	162	167	154	4%

#### 3. Average Daily Population (2014 ADP - 96)



# a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	99	100	96	89	101	2%
FEB	99	100	98	94	101	2%
MAR	99	94	91	98	95	-4%
APR	100	97	97	102	90	-10%
MAY	100	99	98	102	89	-11%
JUNE	100	99	100	102	91	-9%
JULY	100	99	100	94	95	-5%
AUG	105	98	101	97	97	-8%
SEP	100	99	98	96	99	-1%
OCT	100	100	99	97	99	-1%
NOV	99	100	91	101	99	0%
DEC	100	97	85	103	97	-3%
Total	100	98	96	98	96	-4%

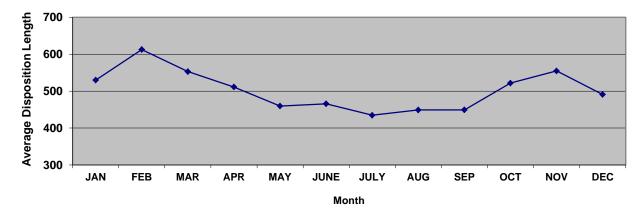
# XII. Probation Statistics

This section details the statistics generated by the Probation division of the DJJS. The following areas will be illustrated: utilization, average length of stay, and the average daily caseload.

#### A. Utilization (2014 Placements-2,087)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Start of Year	African American/Black	852	799	765	801	773	-9%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	62	53	67	58	50	-19%
	Hispanic	1,079	1,079	1,030	992	933	-14%
	Other	79	86	81	79	88	11%
	White	758	760	675	617	555	-27%
	Total	2,830	2,777	2,618	2,547	2,399	-15%
<b>Probation Placements</b>	African American/Black	806	707	698	706	673	-17%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	73	76	63	50	46	-37%
	Hispanic	1,161	1,067	908	885	793	-32%
	Other	88	86	89	71	93	6%
	White	825	697	572	513	482	-42%
	Total	2,953	2,633	2,330	2,225	2,087	-29%
<b>Probations Ending</b>	African American/Black	635	555	422	500	492	-23%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	64	47	56	44	34	-47%
	Hispanic	864	876	682	682	640	-26%
	Other	56	68	70	52	65	16%
	White	629	629	482	441	419	-33%
	Total	2,248	2,175	1,712	1,719	1,650	-27%
End of Year	African American/Black	844	796	843	799	806	-5%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	55	70	61	52	51	-7%
	Hispanic	1,138	1,049	1,028	957	880	-23%
	Other	89	82	84	82	96	8%
	White	806	685	644	580	524	-35%
	Total	2,932	2,682	2,660	2,470	2,357	-20%

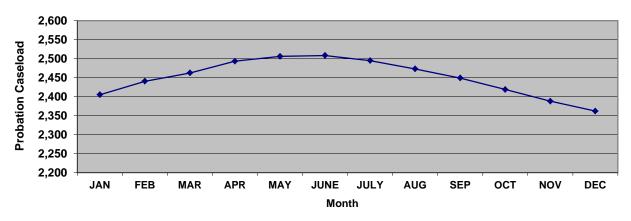
#### B. Average Assignment Length (2014 Average – 499 Days)



#### 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	367	420	670	465	530	14%
FEB	330	387	404	643	613	-5%
MAR	361	376	488	396	553	40%
APR	365	382	506	566	511	-10%
MAY	686	416	449	442	460	4%
JUNE	340	417	419	526	466	-11%
JULY	340	367	484	521	435	-17%
AUG	393	377	395	469	449	-4%
SEP	439	526	418	521	449	-14%
OCT	391	360	459	422	522	24%
NOV	326	378	386	587	555	-5%
DEC	371	358	404	514	491	-4%
Total	395	400	463	508	499	-2%

#### C. Average Probation Caseload (2014 Average – 2,449)



#### 1. Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	2,856	2,799	2,626	2,562	2,405	-6%
FEB	2,924	2,829	2,649	2,578	2,441	-5%
MAR	2,963	2,868	2,656	2,595	2,462	-5%
APR	2,987	2,892	2,680	2,656	2,494	-6%
MAY	3,021	2,910	2,703	2,681	2,506	-7%
JUNE	3,044	2,940	2,734	2,715	2,508	-8%
JULY	3,065	2,894	2,745	2,688	2,495	-7%
AUG	3,043	2,859	2,718	2,629	2,473	-6%
SEP	3,021	2,812	2,705	2,579	2,449	-5%
OCT	3,009	2,762	2,677	2,541	2,419	-5%
NOV	2,999	2,715	2,663	2,515	2,388	-5%
DEC	2,948	2,685	2,664	2,484	2,362	-5%
Total	2,990	2,830	2,685	2,601	2,449	-6%

### XIII. <u>Intensive Supervision</u>

This section provides more detail into intensive probation services, which involve increased contact and programming for higher risk youth. In particular, this section will cover the Drug Court and the Juvenile Sex Offense (JSO) units. The statistics in this section reflect both primary and secondary assignments.

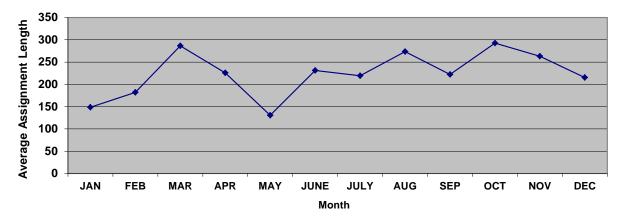
#### A. Drug Court Statistics

The Drug Court Program is geared toward rehabilitating those youth who were adjudicated on a drug-related offense. As part of the program, the assigned youth are required to submit to drug testing.

#### 1. Utilization (2014 Assignments – 131)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Start of Year	African American/Black	13	12	10	23	13	0%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	3	7	3	5	4	33%
	Hispanic	59	68	60	83	70	19%
	Other	1	7	3	5	3	200%
	White	54	87	38	51	48	-11%
	Total	130	181	114	167	138	6%
New Assignment	African American/Black	17	25	34	20	12	-29%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	4	2	5	2	3	-25%
	Hispanic	64	75	104	83	62	-3%
	Other	7	1	6	2	3	-57%
	White	59	56	65	57	40	-32%
	Total	151	159	214	164	120	-21%
<b>Assignment Ending</b>	African American/Black	17	27	21	27	15	-12%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	0	7	2	3	4	-
	Hispanic	54	97	77	96	65	20%
	Other	1	7	4	3	3	200%
	White	26	108	54	60	52	100%
	Total	98	246	158	189	139	42%
End of Year	African American/Black	13	10	24	13	8	-38%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	7	2	5	4	3	-57%
	Hispanic	69	46	83	70	57	-17%
	Other	7	1	5	3	3	-57%
	White	87	35	51	47	32	-63%
	Total	183	94	168	137	103	-44%

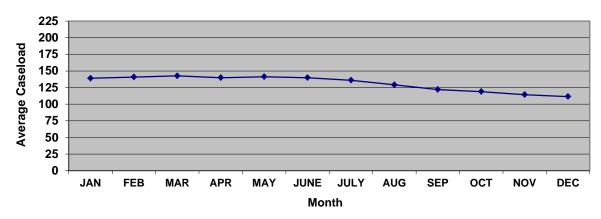
# 2. Average Assignment Length (2014 Average – 228 Days)



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	48	197	176	145	149	210%
FEB	107	416	124	180	182	70%
MAR	77	358	194	127	286	272%
APR	160	79	139	155	226	41%
MAY	153	-	270	141	131	-15%
JUNE	371	399	142	207	231	-38%
JULY	307	532	177	171	219	-29%
AUG	230	399	155	263	274	19%
SEP	188	316	254	191	222	18%
OCT	277	230	192	174	293	6%
NOV	214	328	231	299	263	23%
DEC	309	254	295	210	215	-30%
Total	233	393	192	190	228	-2%

#### 3. Average Caseload (2014 Average - 131)



# a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	135	181	118	174	139	3%
FEB	144	188	127	156	141	-2%
MAR	158	188	129	145	143	-10%
APR	165	204	132	148	140	-15%
MAY	173	212	135	146	141	-18%
JUNE	178	222	142	145	140	-21%
JULY	166	192	154	144	136	-18%
AUG	164	140	153	144	129	-21%
SEP	174	122	155	139	122	-30%
OCT	173	121	159	139	119	-31%
NOV	179	114	162	140	114	-36%
DEC	182	105	158	137	112	-39%
Total	166	165	144	146	131	-21%

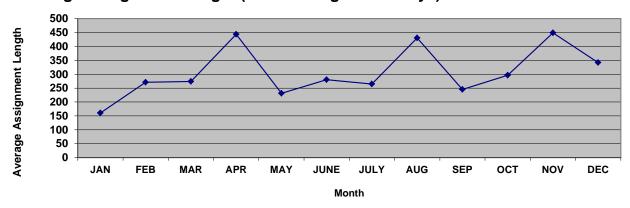
#### **B. JSO Statistics**

The Juvenile Sex Offense Unit is a probation supervision program that is set up specifically for youth that have been adjudicated on a sexual-related offense.

#### 1. Utilization (2014 Assignments - 224)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
Start of Year	African American/Black	72	68	89	108	111	54%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	6	9	9	7	8	33%
	Hispanic	85	72	89	106	108	27%
	Other	8	11	16	16	14	75%
	White	130	120	119	121	121	-7%
	Total	301	280	322	358	362	20%
New Assignment	African American/Black	67	54	78	67	47	-30%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	11	5	4	8	5	-55%
	Hispanic	57	50	60	60	83	46%
	Other	7	4	7	4	9	29%
	White	68	51	76	75	80	18%
	Total	210	164	225	214	224	7%
<b>Assignment Ending</b>	African American/Black	70	42	64	71	64	-9%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	8	5	7	11	5	-38%
	Hispanic	70	43	49	65	86	23%
	Other	5	9	8	4	4	-20%
	White	78	58	86	88	87	12%
	Total	231	157	214	239	246	6%
End of Year	African American/Black	69	80	109	112	96	39%
	Asian/Pacific Islander	9	9	7	8	8	-11%
	Hispanic	72	79	106	113	113	57%
	Other	10	6	17	16	18	80%
	White	120	113	120	125	123	2%
	Total	280	287	359	374	358	28%

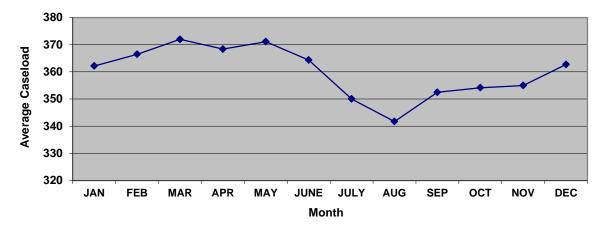
#### 2. Average Assignment Length (2014 Average – 299 Days)



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	273	283	401	258	160	-41%
FEB	316	287	247	287	271	-14%
MAR	324	282	188	263	274	-16%
APR	318	267	310	215	444	40%
MAY	408	266	362	261	231	-43%
JUNE	275	271	375	369	280	2%
JULY	190	274	366	279	265	39%
AUG	384	267	375	325	431	12%
SEP	235	266	237	318	245	4%
OCT	341	270	251	394	296	-13%
NOV	463	274	205	337	449	-3%
DEC	402	282	267	270	342	-15%
Total	321	274	301	303	299	-7%

#### 3. Average Caseload (2014 Average - 360)



#### a) Historical Statistics (2010-2014)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	10-14%
JAN	298	119	330	360	362	22%
FEB	293	296	334	358	366	25%
MAR	296	252	338	354	372	26%
APR	301	380	349	355	368	22%
MAY	303	243	344	367	371	22%
JUNE	299	321	339	375	364	22%
JULY	290	200	333	376	350	21%
AUG	274	384	333	369	342	25%
SEP	281	355	336	367	352	25%
OCT	277	282	351	370	354	28%
NOV	280	422	362	377	355	27%
DEC	280	145	366	378	363	30%
Total	289	296	343	367	360	25%

# XIV. Workload Summary

Referrals	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Referrals Received	23,919	21,099	17,710	15,437	14,082
Number of Youth Involved	15,252	13,707	11,299	9,944	9,164
Average Referral per Youth	1.57	1.54	1.57	1.55	1.53
Detention	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Brought to Booking (RAI)	8,153	7,458	6,708	5,927	5,571
New Detention Placements	3,602	3,360	3,185	3,042	2,885
Referrals Prior to Detainment (AVG)	5.8	6.18	6.08	6.67	6.28
Average Daily Population	195	181	167	138	134
Average Length of Stay in Detention					
(Days)	19	18	18	16	17
Alt. to Detention	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Placed On PRRP	717	1185	1749	1634	939
Average Daily Population	48	81	140	146	115
Average Length of Stay (Days)	26	24	29	31	49
Referrals Prior to Placement (AVG)	0040	0044	0040	4.62	4.43
District Attorney	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Petitions Filed	7,766	6,614	5,619	4,937	4,616
Direct File	30	22	25	24	20
Referrals Prior to Direct File (AVG)	7.41	8.88	9.53	9.40	6.43
Formal Probation	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Placed On Field Probation	2,951	2,637	2,333	2,227	2,089
Referrals Prior to Field Probation (AVG)	4.63	4.61	4.76	4.57	4.24
Youth on Field Probation at End of Year	2,915	2,932 <b>2011</b>	2,682 <b>2012</b>	2,660 <b>2013</b>	2357
Intensive Services	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Drug Court	454	475	04.4	404	400
Youth Assigned to Drug Court	151	175	214	164	120
Referrals Prior to Drug Court (AVG)	10.1	10.48	11.58	10.64	11.71
Youth on Drug Court at End of Year JSO	183	114	168	137	103
Youth Assigned to JSO	210	164	225	214	224
Referrals Prior to JSO Caseload (AVG)	2.54	1.86	2.24	1.85	1.86
Youth on JSO Caseload at End of Year	280	280	359	374	358
Spring Mountain Youth Camp	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Placed at SMYC	236	257	225	210	228
Referrals Prior to SMYC Placement (AVG)	7.21	7.31	7.46	7.97	7.16
Youth at SMYC at End of Year	100	100	98	85	95
Youth Committed to DCFS	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Committed to DCFS	277	242	195	182	209
Referrals Prior to Commitment DCFS (AVG)	10.91	10.59	12.26	11.12	10.60
Certifications	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Youth Certified as Adult	89	53	24	30	30
Referrals Prior to Certification (AVG)	10.02	10.14	9.94	11	8.38

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